MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME XVII. MILWAUKEE, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 21, 1860. NUMBER 56.

THE SENTINEL.

Daily, $7;—Tri-Weekly, $6;—Weekly, $1.50
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

E. D. JERMAIN.....W. M. BRIGHTMAN

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 21.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.

Depart.	Arrive.	Mails Close.
7:00 A. M.	12:45 P. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	12:30 P. M.

MILWAUKEE & MINNESOTA.

7:45 A. M.	12:25 P. M.	3:30 P. M.
4:15 P. M.	8:30 P. M.	9:00 P. M.

MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.

7:00 A. M.	10:30 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
4:30 P. M.	2:50 P. M.	4:00 P. M.

MILWAUKEE & MORICON.

7:00 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:30 P. M.	2:35 P. M.	12:30 P. M.

MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & BARABOO VALLEY.

6:00 P. M.	1:15 P. M.	3:30 P. M.

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE

9:00 P. M.	2:30 A. M. (Next day.)	

Except Saturday.

Connects (except to all points A. M. Except Saturday) to Horicon, Berlin, Kilbourn City, Fox Lake, Fond du Lac and Watertown, only.

Connects to Janesville, Whitewater, Janesville and Madison.

News Digest.

The steamship *Fulton* is in, with foreign advices of the 8th. The political news is unimportant. The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* mentions a rumor that military men and soldiers now on furlough have received orders to join their regiments as soon as possible. In the Liverpool market on the 7th, flour was reported dull, wheat quiet, and corn declined.

A great fire occurred at Black River Falls, in this State, on Sunday morning, which destroyed the entire business portion of the town. Some forty-four buildings in all were burned. The loss is estimated at between thirty and forty thousand dollars.

The telegraph furnishes us the particulars of the capture of two Mexican war steamers, a portion of MORAN's Havana expedition to aid MIRAMON. The steamers surrendered after a short engagement. The Mexican loss was 15 killed, and 20 or 30 wounded, and that of the Americans three wounded.

EDWARD BATES, of Missouri, has written a letter in reply to interrogatories propounded to him by the Missouri delegates to the Chicago Convention, a synopsis of which will be found in our telegraph columns.

GOV. BISSELL, of Illinois, died at his residence in Springfield, on Sunday last.

IMPORTANT TO NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS.—The bill allowing newspapers to print the names of subscribers, with the time at which their subscription expires, on the margin of the paper, passed the Senate Monday. It has previously passed the House, and now only wants the signature of the President to make it a law.

The Death of Gov. Bissell.

The announcement of the death of the Chief Executive of this State, elsewhere referred to in detail, was received among our citizens yesterday with much sensation.—Hardly in the list of deaths occurring in office has the deceased left a more brilliant record, and a more sincere regret at the loss experienced by the public. In this instance the melancholy event came not unexpectedly, but was marked here with scarcely less feeling.

The Courts yesterday were closed, out of respect to the departed, not only as the Governor of the State but as a prominent and honored member of the bar.—*Chicago Press & Tribune.*

CHICAGO.—At Chicago, the Christian Religion is being rapidly introduced, and civilization promises well in that marvellous quarter of the globe. Those who have the matter at heart, commenced by buying a large church, took out the seats, replaced the pulpit with a first class bar, and in place of pews, with hymn and psalm books, the litany, &c., scattered about, there are fifteen new billiard tables, and a thousand cues and balls. This church is now called the Brunswick Billiard Room, (Church) and has already made a vast number of converts. We congratulate our brethren of Chicago on this rapid advance towards Christianity, and the brilliant hope of a business millenium it gives rise to.

THERE is now residing in Elmira, an old lady named Hannah Webber, who reached her twenty-fifth birth day on Wednesday of work before last, and yet she is one hundred years old! This remarkable circumstance is attributable to the fact that she was born on February 29th, 1760, and as that was leap year, there has been but twenty-five recurrences of that day from the time of her birth to the present time. Mrs. Webber receives an annual pension of $97 from the government—her husband having taken an active part in the Revolutionary war.

FIRE.—The dwelling house of Benjamin Whittaker, on Main street, was burned down on Friday evening of last week. Nothing of value was saved, and the family were left destitute of even a change of clothing. The fire is supposed to have originated from the stove-pipe running through the ceiling and roof. Our generous citizens came to the rescue in a case of necessity, immediately provided sympathy for the wants of the sufferers.—*Central Wisconsin, 15th inst.*

PROPOSED AERIAL VOYAGES TO LONDON.—At the meeting of the Boston Board of Aldermen, on Monday afternoon, propositions were received from three persons, Wise, of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, La Mountain, of Troy offering to make aerial voyages to Europe, if the city would defray the necessary expense. Mr. Wise wished to start from Boston Common for the Fourth of July, and thought the expense would be $6,000, while La Mountain estimated the probable outlay at $4,000, and desired to leave in May or June.

ON THE NIGHT preceding the recent great conflagration in Hanville, Ky., a Mr. J. B. Aikin, who lost about $1,000 by the fire, had a dream which impressed him that a great calamity was about to fall upon the town. Accordingly, about three hours before the fire broke out, he secured a policy of $5,000 from the Ætna Company of Hartford. The total loss by the fire is about $300,000, about $60,000 of which falls upon the Hartford Insurance Companies.

AN IMPORTANT SUIT.—A suit involving the title of the whole city of San Francisco is to be commenced in the Supreme Court of Washington, on the 1st day of April next. The claim is made under a Mexican grant to a Catholic priest, and the case rests upon the question of the genuineness of the grant. There is a formidable array of eminent lawyers on the side of the claimants.

FROM STATISTICS LATELY PREPARED, relating to the extent of lunacy among the negroes of the various States of the Union, we find that in Louisville there is one lunatic out of 2,477 negroes; in South Carolina, one in 3,699; in Massachusetts, one in 48; in Maine, one in 14.

THE FORGERY CASE AT ALBANY.—The investigation now in progress at Albany, N. Y., in the forgery case of John H. Zeh, has disclosed notes to have been forged to the amount of over $20,000. The number of notes thus far produced is thirty-eight.

THE ALTON (Ill.) *Democrat* says that a large and splendid convent or seminary for the Sisters of Charity, is to be erected forthwith in that town. This will be the largest structure of the kind in the West, covering an entire block or square, and costing $80,000.

TOPSY, a mare belonging to D. Bicketts and Dr. Crothers, valued at $9,000, died in Jeffersonville, Ia., last week. She had trotted a mile in 2:26, with only four months training. The animal was young, and would, no doubt, had made extraordinary time had she lived.

IT HAS BEEN DECIDED in Washington city that an omnibus driver is not a common carrier of freight, and cannot be held responsible for packages put in his possession for delivery.

GREEN PEAS raised on Charlestown Neck, near Boston, were offered in Charleston, (Mass.) market, on the 8th inst., at $1 25 for two quarts.

THE CITY.

Large Fire.

Yesterday at eight minutes past eleven A. M., fire and smoke were discovered issuing from the old frame building on the southeast corner of Wisconsin and East Water sts. The fire was then confined to the space between the ceiling of the upper story and the roof, and was not burning furiously. The bells promptly sounded the alarm, and the gallant firemen as promptly made their appearance.

From eight minutes past eleven until within a few minutes of twelve o'clock, the fire "confined itself" to this corner building, and the universal remark of all who witnessed the scene was, that they never saw a wooden building burn so slowly. We will not pretend to say *that the fire could have been stayed here.* We do not wish to do injustice to anybody, especially the gallant firemen—but such was the opinion very freely expressed yesterday from one end of the city to another.

When we first saw the fire it could all have been extinguished by one well directed stream. In the course of an hour from the time of the first alarm, it was discovered that the old frame building on Main street adjoining ANDERSON'S Confectionary Store was also on fire, and several of the machines repaired to that locality. By two o'clock the entire range of wooden buildings on East Water Street, between Wisconsin street and THROOP'S Hat Store, were in a blaze, and we do not think there were over *fifty* streams of water "on" the fire at any one time, and the principal part of those were unusually *powerful.* All the efforts seemed to be directed to pulling down what was burning—shaking it together and otherwise stirring it up to a greater degree of intensity. We saw a man with a pipe playing steadily at a chimney in an opposite direction from the fire, for half an hour. His zeal and perseverance were rewarded by bursts of the most ironical laughter from the thousands on Wisconsin street.

At 4 o'clock the fire had made a clean sweep of the wooden buildings, and nothing but a mass of cinders and ashes remained, beyond which the tall walls of the Newhall, and the brick stores on East Water and Main streets were visible, steaming from the joint effect of heat and water. A portion of the buildings were owned by Mr. ELISHA EDDRED, and we are informed there was no insurance on them. CALEB WALL owned two, one on East Water, occupied by him, and one on Wisconsin street. The former was insured for $500, the latter had no insurance on it. Mr. CRAMPTON owned another. (Insured.)

Mr. G. A. JESSEL, who occupied the building on Water street, adjoining the one in which the fire broke out, is one of the heaviest losers. His stock consisted of clothing, and was worth $10,000, not more than half of which was saved, from the fact that the goods were allowed to remain until late, under a reasonable supposition that the fire would be easily subdued. CALEB WALL had at his Auction Room over $10,000 worth of clothing and books, and he made the remark in our hearing—"Oh! that fire is nothing, we will not move our goods."—Afterwards when it became apparent that the flames were steadily, though slowly, increasing to a pitch where it would be useless to attempt to combat them, Mr. WALL and MORSE BROTHER, together with BAKER, (jewelry,) and MURISON, commenced to remove their stock. It was the same on Wisconsin street.

While MORSE BROTHER were removing their stock, some person abstracted from their cash drawer about $30 in change. If the person or persons will leave the same at Uncle BEN's hat store, the owners will satisfy them—if it is to the full amount of the cash taken.

MORSE BROTHER were insured for $500 in the Quaker City Insurance Co. They will open in a few days at No. 222 East Water st., under WEBBER's billiard saloon.

MOSSIN & MARR, engravers, removed all of their tools, &c., with little loss.

Mr. MURISON's loss will not exceed $300.

Mr. EDWARD's loss is about $500.

There were some fears during the early part of the conflagration that the Newhall would suffer, but through the energetic action of Messrs. KEAN & RICE, who stationed men on the roof with hose and brooms, it was unscathed.

The Union Ticket Office, which suffered with the rest, will, for the present, be located at No. 26 Wisconsin street, corner of Main.

Mr. FORD on POW-WOW'S.—Mr. FORD, a School Teacher, writes an exemplary letter to the *Free Democrat*, in which he thus reflects on us:

"The Teachers had met to hold a "*powwow over their grievances.*" By what rule of courtesy or rhetoric Mr. Wheeler, do you bring a peaceful assemblage of the Teachers down or up, as you may please to regard it, to the level of an Indian wigwam, and dignify it with the name of a pow-wow? Have you lost your manners, Mr. Wheeler? We happen to know your mother is not accountable, for she taught you better."

Ever since that unfortunate meeting, we have been besieged by School Teachers. Mr. FORD and his colleagues have not only beset Mr. WHEELER personally, but have written him almost to death.

Mr. FORD now asks,

By what rule of rhetoric—Mr. WHEELER—do you, Mr. WHEELER, drag a PEACEFUL assemblage of the teachers up to the dignity—Mr. WHEELER—of an Indian pow-wow!! Mr. WHEELER!

"PEACEFUL!" think of that. We thought at the time if we could have dragged it up to the ordinary dignity of an assemblage of nocturnal, Thomas Cats laboring under the disadvantages of cholic, we would have been doing it a service.

Mr. FORD may be a peaceful man, but as our knowledge of his attributes, is limited to the aforementioned pow-wow, and a few spasmodic dodges into the editorial rooms of the SENTINEL, when he expected to find Mr. MCKINDLEY and Mr. WHEELER embracing, we beg to be excused from forming a flattering opinion.

He accuses us of falsifying, and reiterates the charge of collusion with Mr. MCKINDLEY. We have made a clean breast of this before. If Mr. MCKINDLEY bribed his grand-mother's review with a bottle of Cod Liver Oil, it was because Mr. FORD's offer for the same thing was not as valuable.

Mr. FORD asks as if we have lost our manners! We confess, if keeping bad company will lay a man open to this charge, we may have suffered in this respect since that dignified meeting.

What Mr. FORD may happen to know of our mother is impossible for us to say, but what he does say it is wholly impossible for us to reciprocate, for we believe Mr. FORD is much better adapted to receive instruction on that point than to impart it.

MUNICIPAL COURT, March 20th.—James Barton, drunk, penalty and costs $2,47.—Paid.

Patrick Dunn, drunk, penalty and costs $2,86. Paid.

Jas. Ashlam, disorderly, penalty and costs, $2,50 or 5 days in jail.

Rebecca Roberts, vagrancy. Plead guilty and sentenced to 30 days in jail. Committed.

A Good Move.

It is to be hoped that the following petition will meet a favorable response from the Legislature. The necessity of such an enactment is so apparent as to need no elaboration:

To the Legislative Assembly of the State of Wisconsin:

Your Petitioners respectfully ask your Honorable body to pass the law introduced into the Assembly (or some law having in view the same object) to compel Rail Road Companies to faithfully apply their revenues to the payment of their bonded debts, and to protect cities and towns which have loaned their bonds to such Rail Road Companies.

We believe that several Rail Road Companies located in Milwaukee, which have earned enough to pay interest on bonds loaned to them by said city in addition to interest on prior mortgages, have neglected to pay such interest and misapplied the funds, and will continue to do the same, unless compelled by stringent enactments to meet their obligations to the city.

Your Petitioners, who believe that proper amendments to the criminal code of the State should be passed, punishing any such willful misapplication of funds, as embezzlement.

JOHN H. TWEEDY,	C. HAWLEY,
LYNDSEY WARD,	THOS. L. OGDEN,
JAMES CARTER,	E. CRAMER.

And several hundred others.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING of the Republicans of the Third Ward was held at the Frankfort House, on Monday evening, for the more effectual organization of the Ward Club.

The meeting was called to order at 7 1-2 P. M. by J. S. MITCHELL, who nominated Mr. E. W. CARPENTER as Chairman, and G. HAYWARD for Secretary, after which the Committee appointed at a previous meeting to draw up a Constitution for the Club, made their report, which was accepted and the Committee discharged. Moved and seconded that the report as read be adopted. Carried.

Motion made that we hold our meetings at the Frankfort House. Carried.

The meeting was then very ably addressed by the Chairman, after which the following gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year:

President—E. W. CARPENTER.
Vice-President—J. FRENCH.
Secretary—G. F. HAYWARD.
Treasurer—J. T. WALLACE.

The President, by consent of the members, appointed the following gentlemen as a Nominating Committee, to select suitable candidates for Ward Officers, the Committee to report next Friday evening:—J. L. MITCHELL, J. T. WALLACE, H. MIDDLETON, W. MCNAUGHTON, D. LOCKER.

All present signed the Constitution. A motion was made and carried that the proceedings be published in the city Republican papers. After which the meeting adjourned to meet again next Friday evening at 7 o'clock.

GEO. F. HAYWARD, Sec'y.

EDITOR OF SENTINEL—*Dear Sir:*—As one of the committee who made arrangements for the lecture of Mr. E. G. RYAN, for the benefit of the Catholic orphans, we acknowledge that unintentionally a great error has been committed in not extending to the gentlemen of the Press of this city the usual courtesy in the shape of tickets. Having little or no experience in affairs of this kind, we took it for granted that such a proceeding was unnecessary, supposing that the gentlemen of the Press always had free access to lectures, and public entertainments, without the formality of passes or tickets; especially in a small city like Milwaukee, where one citizen can always recognize another. The Press of Milwaukee has been at all times not only kind in devoting the free use of its columns, and in printing tickets and bills without charge, but in the gift of money to the Catholic charities of our city. We hope, then, that the SENTINEL, and the whole city Press who kindly called attention to the lecture, will look upon this matter in which the omission occurred, and accept this explanation as an apology. We regret that our omission should have deprived any gentleman connected with the SENTINEL, or any other newspaper office, of the pleasure of enjoying one of the richest intellectual treats that have been presented to our citizens for the last year. Respectfully yours,

JAMES JOHNSON.

HARPER FOR APRIL.—TUNIS & Co. have laid *Harper* for April on our table. We select the following good ones from the Drawer:

A western New York contributor writes:

"The famous inscription—'MARY, *the mother of* WASHINGTON'—upon the tombstone of that immortal woman, has always been admired for its touching simplicity and grand significance. All irreverence aside, I think I can furnish you with an instance of *simplicity* of another kind, though its significance may not be appreciated by your many readers without a hint at the calibre of the author.

"Not a thousand miles from here lives a lawyer, so styled by courtesy, for his knowledge of law extended only to his dexterity in getting his neighbors into difficulty, without the ability to help them out. His father, an unpretending but worthy citizen, died a few years since, when his hopeful son caused to be erected over his remains, where it still stands, a stone with this inscription:

IN MEMORY OF
ABEL JOHNSON,
FATHER OF GEORGE P. JOHNSON, ESQ."

"A LITTLE five-year old at La Crosse, who had been 'properly brought up'—as most little boys in Wisconsin are—to say his prayers every night, one evening, when all ready for bed and not in the best humor, he was reminded of his duty, but replied: 'I'm not going to say my prayers to-night.' His mother asked him if he did not intend to ask God to take care of him. 'No, said he; 'when I was *little* it was well enough to ask Him to take care of me, but now I'm big enough to take care of myself.'"

"I THINK the following will satisfy you that the ideas of the rising generation in Wisconsin are sound on the Maine question:

"A three-year old, the property of my next neighbor, saw a drunken man 'tacking' through the street in front of their house.—'Mother,' said he, 'did God make that man?' She replied in the affirmative. The little fellow reflected a moment, and then exclaimed: 'I would'nt have done it.'"

IN ANSWER to Mr. E, in the *Free Democrat* last night, be it known that no contract was made for *rotten* or *worthless* wood by *any one* of the School Commissioners of the Seventh Ward, and that the Chief of Police was requested to remove it. No money or school orders was ever allowed or paid for said wood, and I may state further, that in the Seventh Ward School, during the last year, no more than $3,50 was paid for a cord of wood, and that in school orders. The public may judge.

A. BADE,
School Com., Seventh Ward.

March 20th, 1860.

RICHARDS' ROTARY BELLOWS.—Ladies and gentlemen are invited to call and see a working model of the above named invention for blowing organs, melodeons, &c. It will be on exhibition at A. B. VAN COTT's Jewelry Store, corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, Wednesday and Thursday, March 21st and 22d.

THE "IRREPRESSIBLE" LOLA MONTEZ lectures to-night on "John Bull," at Albany Hall. We presume there is no need of advice—everybody is anxious to see and hear her.

Union Ticket Office Removed.

The Union Ticket Office, burned out today, is removed to 26 Wisconsin street, corner of Main, where the traveling public will find tickets for all points East and South, by railroad. mar21d1w

CITY AUCTION ROOMS.—I am burned out! Where I will appear next, it is at present difficult to say. I desire to express an opinion of the fire. I think it was unnecessary. The fire, for some time after it had originated, could have been extinguished with little or no exertion. There was little wind; but for some reason, which I cannot explain or account for, the fire was allowed to extend and consume an immense amount of property. I must say, as a citizen of Milwaukee, the Fire Department did not do their duty.

It may have been desirable to have the old buildings removed, but it was certainly not right or justice to imperil the property of so many people, and make the Insurance Companies foot the bill. CALEB WALL.

N. B.—In a few days I will be open again somewhere, and I hope all my friends will remember me. My loss is more than I can bear conveniently just now; but I submit with patience. C. W.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.—The Illustrated London News, Feb. 25th, contains a splendid colored picture, together with some beautiful wood cuts, making on the whole one of the handsomest numbers ever issued of that truly beautiful paper; "Footfalls upon the Boundary of the Other World;" "L' Femme;" Harper's Magazine for April; Godey's for April. Ballou for April. Everything that is new, in the book and periodical line is always to be had at No. 25 Wisconsin Street.

oct27l858d1y W. E. TUNIS & CO.

Republican City Convention.

A REPUBLICAN CONVENTION of five delegates from each Ward of the City of Milwaukee, will be held at the Court House in Milwaukee, on Saturday, March 24th, 1860, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the nomination of candidates for the City Offices, to be supported at the next Charter Election. The primary meetings for the election of delegates, and the nomination of Republican Ward officers, will be held on Friday, 23d instant, at 7½ o'clock P. M., at the following places:

1st Ward, at Bielfeldt's Saloon.
2d Ward, at Kormann's Saloon.
3d Ward, at Frankfort House.
4th Ward, at Menomonee House.
5th Ward, Niagara House.
6th and 9th Wards, at Schenck's Park Saloon.
7th Ward, at Court House.
8th Ward, at Nolden's Saloon.

For many years all attempts to place the city government in capable and honest hands, by means of democratic nominations or people's tickets, have proved disastrous failures, and the resulting evils have finally culminated in unparalleled and intolerable official corruption. The time has now come when the Republicans of Milwaukee are called upon to perform a grave duty to the city by nominating and, if possible, electing to the city offices honorable and fearless men, and also, to discharge an obligation to their own great cause, which they have already too long neglected, by effecting a thorough and permanent city organization.

If the nomination of a Republican ticket for the city election could prove an obstacle to the removal or mitigation of the grievous municipal evils under which we suffer, that would, of course, be a strong reason for postponing still further a distinct city organization. But the experience of the last five years shows that no relief can be expected from a people's movement, which is always controlled and used by disappointed and unworthy aspirants for democratic nominations. We have already incurred too much disgrace by contributing to the election of corrupt officers through these people's movements. At this time, when the election involves not only the peace and good order, but also the gravest financial interests of our city, we should be inexcusable, if, under the plausible pretext of a people's ticket, we should incur the risk of a league with thieves and robbers. For it is manifest that a people's movement at this time must embrace large numbers of dishonest men, and if successful carry into power some of the most unworthy of the seekers of our city.

The Republicans are therefore urged to elect delegates, who will nominate the *very best men*—men who are not intriguing, worthless office-seekers, but honest, responsible citizens; men of *clean hands*, in which our citizens will deem our municipal interests secure; men who will *command the support of the tax-payers* of this city, and attain as well as merit success at the polls.

H. J. PAINE,
Ch'n Dist. Com. 1st and 7th Ward Committee.
JOHN RITCHIE,
Ch'n Dist. Com. 2d Ward.
E. W. CARPENTER,
Ch'n Dist. Com. 3d Ward.
JOHN H. TESCH,
Ch'n 4th Ward Rep. Com.
GEO. G. HOUGHTON,
Ch'n 5th and 6th Ward Rep. Dist. Com.
D. G. ROGERS,
Ch'n 8th and 9th Ward Com.

$1,600 TO LOAN.—SIXTEEN HUNDRED dollars to loan on good real estate security. Those only need apply who have to offer first liens on productive property. Apply to ROBERT ELIOT, office at the *old* grain depot of the Mil. & Miss. R. R. Co., or at the Chamber of Commerce rooms from 12 to 1 o'clock daily.

mar20l45d6t ROBERT ELIOT.

CONTRACTING DEPARTMENT, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, MILWAUKEE, March 10th, 1860.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until April 6th, 1860, for furnishing materials and constructing Water Works in this city, in accordance with the plans and specifications which have been adopted by the Common Council, on file in the office of the City Comptroller and published in the official papers.

E. DH. GARDINER, Comptroller.

mar12 10d14t1.1s1p9

BARRY'S TRICOPHEROUS is the best and cheapest article for dressing, beautifying, cleansing, curling, preserving and restoring the hair. Ladies try it. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers mar19d1w7d6m

REUNION.

MINER & FARIES have again formed a partnership for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches.

Office No. 21 Wisconsin Street. G. B. MINER,
R. J. FARIES.
Milwaukee Feb. 13th, 1860. feb13l217d1f

EDWARD P. ALLIS,
LAND AND LOAN AGENT
OFFICE UNDER STATE BANK,
ON EAST WATER STREET.

HOUSES TO RENT.

PERSONS HAVING HOUSES TO RENT on or before 1st of May, will find good tenants by leaving a description at my office.

feb9l200d1f EWD. P. ALLIS.

SEND YOUR
MAGAZINES, &C.,
TO THE
SENTINEL BOOK BINDERY,
AND HAVE THEM BOUND.
The Cost will be Trifling.

Western Union and Wisconsin State Telegraph
Office—Free Democrat Block, Milwaukee.

CONNECTIONS with all lines East. The Wisconsin State lines run from Milwaukee to La Crosse, Fond du Lac and Waupun, on railroad routes. Also, from Milwaukee to Janesville, Madison, Watertown and Prairie du Chien. Stations at all important intermediate points.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
my14l257d1f-1stpp A. WELLER, Agent.

SUBSCRIBE FOR AND ADVERTISE in the *Manitowoc Tribune*, Daily and Weekly. The *Tri-Weekly* is the largest weekly, and the *only* daily paper north of Milwaukee. Terms, cash in advance
SMITH & STONE, Publishers d1f

TO MERCHANTS.—Advertise in the *Republican*, Graysville, Calumet Co., J. N. STONE Editor and Proprietor. aug1016l3m

DRS. JULIAN & EDWARDS, Private Physicians, Office, 184 Main street, Milwaukee, Wis my93d1y

MARRIED:

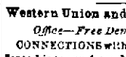
At Genesee, on Wednesday evening, March 14th, 1860, at the house of ELEAZER ELLIS, by H. V. PATRICK, Esq., Mr. JOHN H. MOCKET and Miss JULIA ELLIS, both of Genesee, Wis.

TO PLASTERERS.

2,000 BUSH. PLASTERING HAIR for sale cheap. Orders from the country solicited, at J. K. Sherman's Tannery, on the Canal Water Power, Sixth Ward, Milwaukee, Wis.

mar16l326m0 J. K. SHERMAN.

For Port Washington, Sheboygan, MANITOWOC AND TWO RIVERS.



THE STEAMER GAZELLE, Capt. T. G. BUTLIN, will make tri-weekly trips to above ports, Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings at 8 o'clock.

mar19l450d1f R. OLMSTED, Agent.

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

Later from Europe.

NEW YORK, March 20—3 P. M.

The steamer Fulton arrived to-day. She left Southampton early on the morning of the 8th, and brings London papers of the 7th, and Liverpool, 6th. At the latter place cotton had generally declined; flour dull; wheat quiet; corn declined; sugar quiet; coffee dull.

The steamer Bohemian, from Portland, arrived at Liverpool on the 7th.

In the House of Commons Monday, during an incidental discussion of the question of the annexation of Savoy, Mr. Fitzgerald expressed an earnest hope that Parliament would enter a solemn protest against that act.

Irish papers deny the truth of the recent report that Piccolomini was married lately at Dublin.

The picturesque marine terrace, erected to the late Lord Murray, on a spur of Castlehill, Edinburgh, has given way, owing to a defect in the foundation, and become a mass of ruins.

PARIS, March 8.—The Moniteur announces that yesterday the minister of the U. S. presented his letters of credence.

The Paris Constitutionel publishes an article explaining the French policy in Italy.

In mentioning the solution proposed in the message of M. Showenel, the Constitutionel says if it is not a Sardinian resolution, it is an Italian one. Sardinia will possess in Tuscany an ally which will aid her to overcome the opposition of Naples and Rome in order to constitute the Italian nation with the concurrence of all its nationalities, and not an Italian Kingdom absorbing everything without considering the essential differences, opposing interests and the distrusts of Europe.

The Times' Paris correspondence says there is a rumor that military men and soldiers now on leave, are to join their regiments as soon as possible.

The Imperial Guards are not to be exempted.

The Cardinals and Prelates, who are members of the Senate, have presented petitions demanding the maintenance of the Imperial power of the Pope.

The correspondence of the Post have received despatches from all parts of Italy.—The Emperor's speech has not been received very favorably.

The Times' correspondence says there has been a complete stagnation in the mercantile world during the past week.

VIENNA, March 5.—The official Weener Zietung will publish to-morrow the following programme of reform, sanctioned by the Emperor:

The Counsel of the Empire will be augmented by the nomination of two extraordinary councillors, selected from among persons of known ability, and by the nomination of thirty-seven ordinary councillors, chosen from a list to be presented by Provisional Diet; the Council of the Empire will examine the budget, central laws relating to financial matters, laws of general interest, &c.; the formation of Provincial Diets and all questions submitted to its deliberation by the Emperior, until the convocation of the Provincial Diets; the Emperor will complete the Council of the Empire, by appointing persons of great distinction on the basis of population.

Great Fire at Black River Falls.

SPARTA, March 20—3 P. M.

A destructive fire occurred in the town of Black River Falls, Jackson county, Wis., last Sunday morning, destroying 43 buildings, among which was the Jackson County Banner. All the stores in the town, with the exception of one, belonging to F. F. Parsons, were destroyed. As the fire was discovered in two different places at the same time, it is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. Loss estimated at between $30,000 and $40,000.

Loss of Propeller Sophia.

NEW ORLEANS, Mar. 19—3 P. M.

The propeller Sophia, of Philadelphia, with a valuable cargo, was lost on the 13th inst., on the coast of Texas.

There was a heavy sea running, and the sails were hoisted, but the propeller prevented her backing, and she went ashore.

Vote of the Free Negro Bill.

ST. LOUIS, March 20—3 P. M.

Governor Stewart, of this State, has vetoed the free negro bill.

Death of Col. E. C. Pepper.

RISING SUN, Ind., Mar. 20—3 P. M.

Col. E. C. Pepper, one of our prominent citizens, died after a lingering illness, this morning.

LATEST NEWS!

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—3 P. M.

HOUSE.—Mr. Potter offered a resolution which was adopted, calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for all the papers pertaining to the removal of the late Collector at Milwaukee, and as to whether he was a public defaulter.

The House then voted on the referring to the Committee on Military Affairs, of the West Point Academy bill, as returned from the Senate, with an amendment making an appropriation for calling into service a mounted regiment of Texas volunteers. Agreed to by 111 against 72

The contested election case of Williamson against Sickles was commenced, but without action the House adjourned.

SENATE.—Mr. Sumner presented a memorial of Samuel May, a distinguished and venerable merchant of Boston, and four hundred other citizens of Boston, praying for the repeal of the Fugitive Slave Law of 1850. The abolition of slaves in the Dist. of Columbia; the prohibition of the Inter-State Slave trade, and the passage of a resolution pledging Congress against the admission of any new Slave States into the Union, or the acquisition of any slave territory, or the employment of any slaves by any agent, contractor, officer, or department of the Federal Government. He moved its reference to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Davis moved that it lie on the table by yeas 30, nays 17.

Mr. Wilson introduced a bill for the construction of 5 steamships adapted to the African coasts for the suppression of the African slave trade.

Mr. Wilson offered a joint resolution authorizing the President to negotiate with other nations for the right of search within 200 miles of the western coast of Africa.

Mr. Wilson introduced an order instructing the Judiciary Committee to report a bill substituting imprisonment for life, instead of death, and applying the penalty to persons fitting out slave ships, or having interest therein.

Mr. Sebastian introduced a resolution authorizing a treaty to be made with the Indians owning land in and about Pike's Peak, and extinguishing their title to the land.

Mr. Mason was opposed to acquiring any more territory, and moved to strike out the latter part.

After a debate, the amendment was disagreed to, nays 38, yeas 5.

The resolution was then passed.

Mr. Green reported a joint resolution, to pay the widow of the late Senator Linn, of Missouri, mileage not drawn; which was passed.

The bill for the payment of the Florida claims was taken up, but without action.

The Senate then went into executive session.

Adjourned.

Engagement between the Frigate Saratoga and the Mexican Steamers.

NEW ORLEANS, March 20—9 P. M.

Miramon commenced the siege of Vera Cruz on the 5th; On the 6th 21 steamers appeared before the city, which refused to show their colors. Com Jarris therefore ordered the Saratoga, with attachments from the Savannah and Orebec, on the steamers Indianola and Wave, to proceed to the anchorage and ascertain their character. As the Saratoga, toward by the Indianolla, approached, the steamers tried to escape, but too late. Capt. Turner sent a boat out with a flag to demand the nationality of the steamers.—The boat was fired upon twice, whereupon the Saratoga fired a broadside into the steamers of Moran, and the action became general. Both steamers now hoisted Spanish colors, and after a spirited engagement Moran surrendered with most of his men.—American loss 3 wounded, 1 mortally; Mexican loss 15 killed, 20 to 30 wounded.

NEW YORK, March 20—9 P. M.

A fire to-day at Jamaica, L. I., destroyed the American Hotel, Dorlandt's Hotel, the house of Engine Co. No. 2, and the dwelling house occupied by Chas. H. Stevens. Loss $15,000.

Wisconsin Legislature.

MADISON, March 20—9 P. M.

Assembly met 9 o'clock A. M.

A petition was presented from citizens of Milwaukee remonstrating against horse railroads.

Bills Introduced—To organize Shawano Co. for Judicial purposes; to amend chapter 23 of R. S., entitled, "Of common schools"; to vacate certain territory in the village of Avoca, in Iowa Co.; a bill proposing an amendment to the Constitution relating to the homestead exemption; to cede a certain island in Green Bay to the United States for a light house site.

The bill establishing an emigrant agency, elicited a long debate, in which Schmidtner, Holton, Neville, Cobb and Bouck took part. The bill was lost, ayes 56; nays 28.

At eleven o'clock the House went into committee of the whole on the assessment law, which was made the special order for that hour.

Assembly met at 2 P. M. No new business was introduced.

Bills Passed.—To authorize Menasha to aid in Railroad; to exempt Sewing Machines from execution; to amend chapter 9 or chattel mortgages on certain classes of property; to organize the county of Ashland; to provide a lien on logs and lumber in certain cases; to organize the county of Shawano for Judicial purposes.

The substitute for the assessment law, reported by the select committee, was defeated, ayes 31, nays 42.

The motion to take up the Senate's assessment bill was lost, ayes 38, nays 45.

Senate not in session.

SENATE.—A long debate took place on the resolution to abandon the swamp land survey.

No new bills were introduced. Bills passed—to amend an act incorporating the city of Ripon; to extend the time for paying taxes in the village of Sparta; to amend the laws relating to the public schools in the city of Watertown; to extend the time for the sale of unredeemed lands in Chippewa county; to confer certain powers on the County Board of Green Lake county; to repeal the act conferring jail jurisdiction on the County Court of Monroe county; to revise the Rock Lake Cemetery Association; to authorize the county of Eau Claire to keep a free ferry across the Chippewa; to annex a part of the county of Chippewa to the county of Dallas; to amend chapter 18 of R. S., entitled "of assessment and collection of taxes;" to provide for the disposal of the drainage fund in Shawano and Oconto counties; to incorporate the Mequon Insurance company.

Adjourned to 4 P. M.

Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—9 P. M.

The Senate had a short executive session to-day, and took parliamentary measures with a view of resuscitating the Nicaragua treaty, which was recently rejected. There are indications of success.

The conference of the Republican Senators this morning was with reference to the subject.

The friends of Senator Bigler think it of sufficient importance to deny as wholly untrue, the newspaper statement that previous to his election as a delegate to the Charleston Convention he pledged himself to vote for Mr. Douglas after the third ballot.

The bids for the P. O. blanks have not yet been opened, but Mr. Croswell, to whom the work has heretofore been subject, states that he has proposed to do it for 90 cents on the dollar, less than the government has heretofore paid.

The subject of changing the place for holding the Democratic National Convention is still under consideration. The National Executive Committee may be convened next week, according to present information, to take such action as will quiet the public mind on the subject.

The Senate Harper's Ferry Investigating Committee, after examining several more witnesses, will close its labors. Nothing of special interest has been elicited.

The Hungarian's Passengers.

NEW YORK, March 20—9 P. M.

The agents of the steamship Hungarian give the following as the number of souls on board when she left Liverpool, viz: from Liverpool, crew 80, cabin passengers 30, steerage 49; from Queenstown, cabin passengers 15; steerage 40; total 205. The names of the cabin passengers are J. E. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Balmer, Rev. Jas. Stuart, Mrs. Woods, Mr. & Mrs. E. Evans, Dr. and Mrs. Samanigo Barry, A. B. Cortin, Mr. Hyatt, Mr. Baulton House, Mr. Bolton, Mr. Delano and child. Dr. Barrett and G. J. Nash, officers in charge of the mails.

Steerage passengers—H. M. Coffrey, Abram Tagg, Wm. Vogel, Jno. Richardson, Henry Richardson, F. Allen, Fred. Child, Mrs. F. Child, Bell Morrison, Richard Maulden, Robt. Morton, E. D. Bartlett, Geo. Shank, Geo. McDermott, Joseph N. Daley, Jno. Delany, Wm. Kerley, Wm. Wright, Michael Lacey, Martin Deans, Francis Rich

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 21.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.

FOR CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

A. SCOTT SLOAN.

Apportionment of the School Fund Income

The apportionment of the income of the School Fund for the present year has just been made by the State Superintendent—a few days earlier than last year. The whole sum distributed is $159,651 to 279,302 children, giving 56 cents per scholar. Last year, 64 cents a scholar was distributed to 264,352 children, making a total of $169,452.

The three counties receiving the largest amounts of the public money, as having the largest number of children, are Milwaukee, Dodge and Dane. Douglas and Shawano counties receive the least, neither of them getting over $100.

While there has been a considerable increase in the number of children, there has been a serious diminution in the income provided by the School Fund during the past year arising from the fact that State lands to the value of over $130,000 have been forfeited during the year, and from other causes. This and the deduction of $15,000 set apart for township library purposes, materially reduces the rate apportioned to each scholar.

We publish below a table of the amount apportioned to each county in the State:

Adams,	$1,274 00	Marathon,	592 00
Ashland,	1,100 00	Marquette,	1,101 50
Brown,	3,000 00	Milwaukee,	19,241 00
Calumet,	1,274 00	Monroe,	1,274 00
Chippewa,	442 00	Oconto,	467 00
Columbia,	2,800 00	Outagamie,	1,033 00
Crawford,	2,800 00	Ozaukee,	2,800 00
Dane,	4,000 00	Pepin,	817 00
Dodge,	4,000 00	Pierce,	642 00
Door,	1,000 00	Polk,	1,000 00
Douglas,	100 00	Portage,	1,000 00
Dunn,	1,000 00	Racine,	2,800 00
Fond du Lac,	4,000 00	Richland,	1,000 00
Grant,	4,000 00	Rock,	4,000 00
Green,	2,800 00	Sauk,	1,000 00
Green Lake,	1,000 00	Shawano,	467 00
Iowa,	2,800 00	Sheboygan,	2,800 00
Jefferson,	4,000 00	Trempealeau,	1,000 00
Juneau,	1,000 00	Walworth,	2,800 00
Kenosha,	2,800 00	Washington,	1,000 00
Kewaunee,	1,000 00	Waukesha,	4,000 00
La Crosse,	1,000 00	Waupaca,	1,000 00
La Fayette,	2,800 00	Waushara,	1,000 00
Lincoln,	467 00	Winnebago,	2,800 00
Manitowoc,	2,800 00	Wood,	1,000 00
		Total,	$159,651 00

—*Madison Journal.*

Distillation of Fresh from Salt Water.

Yesterday a number of gentlemen visited Gray's Bathing House, at the foot of Fulton street, Brooklyn, for the purpose of inspecting the "Normandy's Patent Marine Aerated Fresh Water Apparatus," already largely in use in England and on the Continent, and now being first introduced to the American public. This machine, invented by Dr Normandy, an Englishman, distills from salt water or from impure and muddy water, a pure and sparkling aerated beverage—the very product of the babbling meadow-springs. The agency used is steam, which can be generated in a boiler adapted for the purpose, or supplied from the regular boilers of a steamship. The apparatus consists of two compact cylinders, occupies very little room, and is easily arranged in any vessel. Other machines have been constructed heretofore for the same end, but the following advantages are claimed for the one under consideration.

1. That, with a given amount of fuel, it produces a quantity of fresh water double that obtained by any other apparatus.

2. That it *aerates* the water at the very moment it is produced, with the super-oxygenated air and carbonic acid naturally contained in the salt water operated upon, and thus makes it pure, wholesome, and immediately fit for drinking; whereas, all other plants for producing fresh water from salt water merely proceed on the common still, and the water produced by them requires to be aerated by agitation in the tanks, either by the motion of the ship while steaming or sailing—a method of aeration which requires a considerable time—or more rapidly, but also in a more costly, fatiguing, and cumbrous manner, by artificial means, the result being, however, in either case, a very imperfectly aerated water; in consequence of which it remains vapid and indigestible, but is, at the same time, exceedingly susceptible of being tainted by any impurity in the atmosphere by which it is surrounded. All water, simply distilled, is always indigestible, and, whatever is the quantity of ordinary atmospheric air which it is made to absorb, it retains for an exceedingly long time a detestable odor and taste.

3. That beside affording a great advantage to passengers by providing them with a constant and unfailing supply of pure water at sea, equal to any that can be had from the finest springs on land, it, at the same time, confers an immense advantage on shipowners by enabling them to carry an extra amount of freight equal to that occupied by the water tanks which are requisite in every ship.

It is claimed that by using the apparatus, vessels have been able to dispense with water-tanks, so as to make room for many tuns more cargo, and thus pay the expense of the machine in a single voyage. In England Dr. Normandy's invention has been thoroughly experimented upon, and adopted not only by the "Oriental," "Royal Mail," "North of Europe," and other prominent navigation companies, but by the Government, who intend putting it in use on every vessel in the Navy. It is already applied to the steamers belonging to the China squadron, to the Military Hospitals at Suez, and to many army stations where fluxes or dysentery are frequent.

The machines are made of three or more sizes, costing from $1,000 to $2,500 and capable of distilling and aerating from 15 to 30 gallons per hour. The distilled water runs out in a steady, cool stream, and is as pure as can be desired. The operation can be witnessed for a few days at the place above named. Further information relating to it can be obtained at the office, No. 30 Pine street.

Attention is drawn to the fact that this apparatus will prove as invaluable on land as at sea, wherever there is a scarcity of good water. Not only salt water, but that of any kind which is bad or impure, can be rendered as good, clear, and wholesome as that which rises from the spring. It is, therefore, of value in all Southern, Western, or other States where good water cannot be obtained.

IN A TIGHT PLACE.—A well-digger at Dubuque, named Norton, was about to fire a fuse, when his candle upset and set the train on fire. He rushed to the bucket and signaled to "haul up." The man at the windlass made superhuman efforts, and had hauled Mr. Norton within ten feet of the mouth, when the handle of the windlass broke! Mr. N. caught a foothold on the projecting shelf, and thereby saved himself from falling to the bottom. But his position was anything but desirable, as he was in no way protected from the explosion, while it was only by almost superhuman efforts that he kept himself from falling from the narrow standing place. There was no way to get out, and he was sure to be riddled with the shower of rocks that would rise from below. Thus he stood momentarily expecting that a terrible death would ensue; stood thus in an agony which cannot be imagined. How long the time was he did not know; but it seemed ages rather than seconds, until a sufficient time had elapsed to induce the hope that the blast would not explode. This proved eventually to be the case, although he probably suffered a dozen deaths before the fact became apparent.

MARYLAND OPPOSITION CONVENTION.—The American members of the Legislature have recommended the calling of a State Opposition Convention, to be held at Baltimore on the 13th day of April next. They have also declared it expedient that "all the citizens of the State opposed to the present Democratic party should take measures at once to make their opposition effective by organization and the union of all the elements of such opposition."

FATAL ACCIDENT.—An old gentleman of the name of Harris, living in the Norwegian settlement in Strong's Prairie, was yesterday found lying insensible by the side of a hayroad leading into the marshes, four miles west of this village. He had started in an ox-wagon, for a load of hay, and was probably thrown out by a jolt of the wagon, and either run over by the wheel or kicked by an ox, the back part of his head was crushed, and Dr. Thompson thinks he was internally injured. He died soon after he was taken home.—*Adams Co. Independent, 13th.*

RESIGNATION is an exalted Christian virtue. It is a plant that grows not from nature's soil. It is a grace that must be cultivated like the rose tree, that it may flourish and shed forth its sweet fragrance amid the passing scenes of life.

GOOD ACTIONS, though they diminish our time here as well as bad actions, yet they lay up for us a happiness in eternity; and will recompense what they take away by a plentiful return at last.

A PERSON was repeating before Martainville the old maxim, "Who pays his debts enriches himself." "Bah!" replied Martainville, "that is an idle rumor which creditors are endeavoring to circulate!"

The Slaves of Civilization.

The Edinburg *Review* for January has an interesting article suggested by an examination of various works, relating to mortality in the trades and professions. The result of investigations made in England, into the condition of the laboring classes—not merely those who labor in the dark places under the earth, but those who are engaged in the processes by which articles of taste and luxury are prepared—will be startling to all, who, surrounded by the appointments of easy life, have given no attention to the multiform perils which environ those by whom those appointments are supplied. The mirror which reflects our features, and the glazed cards which we leave on our friends, give no token of the trembling form of the artificer, poisoned by mercurial fumes, or paralyzed by the hazardous toil by which he sought to earn his livelihood. The porcelain vase on the mantle is of rare beauty, but it has infected the "dipper's" hand with a disease which will destroy its cunning. All this suffering proceeds, the workman falls out of the ranks and another rises to take his place, reckless of the fate that awaits him and gratified with the increased compensation awarded to his labors.

In this day more "silver forks" than ever before are manufactured at Sheffield. These forks, and needles also, are ground upon dry stones, the grinder necessarily sitting in the posture best adapted to fill his lungs with the fine dust, and to wound his sensitive eyes with the shed sparks. The dry fork-grinder averages 29 years, and thus exemplifies at an early day, the solemn ritual, "dust to dust." Some dry grinders wear spectacles, and these are often found flecked with bits of steel, which, when red hot, penetrate the glass. This same dry-grinder, in order to give the smoothly rounded back to a razor or a scissor blade, sacrifices his health and life to the unimportant difference between the straight and the curved line which he forms. The statistics of Sheffield show that the ascending grade of longevity is in direct proportion to the amount of water used on the stone, the strength and age of the grinder being considered. Yet, we are informed that matters are not so bad as formerly. The introduction of fans to blow the dust away from the stone, of magnetized wire screens for the face, and the general adoption of the beard movement, by workmen mature enough to raise these hirsute appendages, have added to the length of life. Still, the grinders say the trade is bad enough as it is, and if the men lived longer, it would be so overfull that there would be no such thing as getting a living.

Now as to the miner—and of the 300,000 persons in Great Britain who enter the bowels of the earth at the morning and omerge at evening. Beneath the soil he works—the very industrial Atlas of England—sustaining the wealth and greatness of that country which without its coal and iron, its copper and tin, and its giant machinery feeding upon them and reducing them to new forms, would not enjoy its present proud pre-eminence. Here, in the cold and dark mines, the miner toils, cramped in position, till the Apollo-like form of man becomes perfectly twisted and bent like the guarled root of an oak, which has been doubled up in the fissure of a rock." In these galleries two feet high, pursuing the vein of metal or coal, and picking at the side and top, the collier lives his life of toilsome constraint, knotting himself till an erect position is a punishment to him. Foul air surrounds him; fire-damp blasts him to a cinder or choke damp noiselessly blots out his life. A single blow of the pick may let in upon the collier an invasion of either one of these damps, and the pit mouth may be crowded with a "wailing multitude of newly made widows and orphans." Thus 1,500 live and 10,000 accidents annually attest the dangerous nature of this vocation. In all England the mortality among miners from accidents alone, is 4.5 to the thousand; in Staffordshire alone 7.5 while in Prussia it is only 1.9, and in Belgium 2.8. Then add the diseases caused by deprivation of light and air, by the foul breath of the caverns and of the decaying timbers in them, and by the vicious cases of coal dust taken in to the lungs. When the collier dies, his lungs look as if dipped in black ink. The dry-grinder has a similar lung.—The average of sickness among colliers between the ages of twenty and sixty is 67 per cent., more than the general average. Yet the coal mines can be ventilated at a cost of a penny per man per day. This ventilation will save ten lives for its cost, in the increased labor done by the colliers, and the preservation of the wood "battrices" in the mines.

In the Cornwall mines, the workmen, after a day of toil, are obliged to climb ladders for many hundreds of feet to reach the mouth of the pit. This is equal to the labor of ascending a mountain.

All trades that are carried on in dust, are more or less immediately productive of disease. Millers, masons, brick-layers, snuff makers, pearl button makers, preparers of hair, flax beaters, and many others, all suffer from diseases, peculiar in many of their symptoms and effects to the special trade, but bearing a general family resemblance.

Strangely enough, one of these curious and patient investigators of health, finds that scavengers and chiffonniers are remarkably healthy. Human life meets filth nowhere more closely, yet the investigator finds them "a healthy-looking ruddy-complexioned race," wearing their natural rouge under their artificial tint. The impurities with which these people come in contact are, however, in the open air, and moreover the power of ashes to absorb noxious emanations must be considered. But scavengers are unusually exempt from febrile complaints. It is known too that the occupation of tanners and workers in oil, and of butchers, has a certain exemption from pulmonary complaints. Some curious facts are mentioned by the Review, in this connection, which we must omit.

The lucifer-match maker with his cadaverous complexion, emaciated form, and necrosis of the jaw, is another instance of the slavery of civilization. Phosphorus, in one form, so essential to bone, is, in the fumes of the match factory, destructive to it. The chemist brings his results to bear here, and it is found that the oil of turpentine exposed in saucers, where this match-making proceeds, absorbs the mischievous vapor.

The gilder of metals and the silverer of mirrors are other sufferers. While the process goes on, the workman is invested with mercurial fumes; his body is spotted with metalliferous particles, and he becomes a "shattered human creature, with trembling muscles, brown visage and blackened teeth." The belle who surveys her wondrous beauty in the glass would start back in horror if the visage of this victim of luxury and vanity, should but appear in dim shadow, far down the depths of her clear reflector.

Some of our green, resinous wall paper produces disease. If its pestilential influence thus affects even him who occupies the room ornamented with it, what must have befallen the operator who prepared it, or the artisan who smoothed it to its band on the wall?

So with workers in lead and plants. The approach of disease in these cases is signalled by an azure line near the edge of the gums, and where this blue flag is hoisted, the workman may well rise from his avocation, lest his hard-earning hand drop powerless by his side. A drop of sulphuric acid to a gallon of water makes a lemonade which prevents or postpones the familiar "painters' colics" or paralysis.

A large contingent to the army of death, is furnished by tailors, bakers and milliners in large cities. They are mostly killed by want of fresh air, which does not reach them in their constrained positions or in their confined or heated rooms. The story of sewing women need not be told here. Their sufferings are elements of our advanced civilization, as well as that of England. And from the very nature of the case, their wants and perils are most familiarly known, but known only to be pitied or disregarded.

Proceeding to the educated classes and to those having more means of self indulgence, another problem is presented. These do not enjoy length of days. They lack the wholesome stimulus of labor, and one element of health and longevity is eliminated. Vital force is fed upon regularity, sobriety and activity of body and mind. Comparing the three professions of law, medicine and the pulpit, the race is close, but the pulpit leads by a trifle, and the lawyer succumbs before the physician. This statement is based, however, only upon a comparison of persons who have already passed the age of fifty. As the ranks of the nobility are entered, longevity is inversely proportioned to the eminence of the rank, and the King fenced in by all the divinity that doth hedge him about, guarded from casualities, and carefully screened from disease or harm, drops into the grave ten years before the clergyman.

"It could be clearly shown," says Mr. Nelson, in his Vital Statistics, by tracing the various classes of society in which there exist sufficient means of subsistence, by beginning with the most humble, and passing on to the middle and upper classes, that a gradual deterioration in the duration of life takes place; and that just as life, with all its wealth, pomp and magnificence, would seem to become more valuable and tempting, so are its opportunities and chances of enjoyment lessened. As far as the results of figures admit of judging, this condition would seem to flow directly from the luxurious and pampered style of living among the wealthier classes, whose artificial habits interfere with the nature and degree of those physical exercises which, in a simpler class of society, are accompanied with long life. Truly, there is a spirit of compensation in this life, if we could only distill it forth. The poor countryman of thirty years of age, who takes his frugal repast under a hedge, has a chance of thirteen years longer life than the monarch of the same age, clothed in purple, and lord, perhaps, of half the habitable world!

THE LADY who took everybody's eye, must have quite a lot of them.

TOM SAYERS AND THE BENICIA BOY.—On Wednesday night there was a strong muster at Auld Nat's, Cambrian, Castle Street, Leicester Square, to witness the staking of the third deposit £50 a side for this match. The staking of course was a mere matter of form, especially on the part of the American champion, the whole of whose money has been some time in our hands. The crowd on the occasion was caused in some degree by the excitement anent the fight between Mace and Travers on the same day, but more especially by the expectation universally prevalent that the Benicia Boy, who had been present at the mill, would have put in an appearance. In this, however, the Fancy were doomed to disappointment, the Boy, with commendable prudence, keeping himself out of temptation, and sending an embassador to the Cambrian Court in the shape of Jack Macdonald, to see that all was straightforward and shipshape.

On Thursday Heenan called on us to report himself, and we at once perceived that he had been anything but idle during his brief sojourn among the Wiltshire downs. He was evidently in rude health, and fast verging upon fighting trim. His mug was much thinner than when we last saw him, and there was an elasticity and buoyancy of spirits about him which showed that the formidable task before him evidently did not disturb his dreams. The only complaint he had to make was, that he was hunted almost beyond endurance by the curious, who would hardly allow him even to have his meals in peace. So great was the nuisance becoming, he said, that if persisted in he must, however reluctantly, give up his training quarters, admirable as they were in other respects, and betake himself to some other retired nook, where none but his most intimate friends could find him.

This system of persecution is too bad, and we appeal to the sporting public to restrain their curiosity until the great event comes off, when every opportunity will be afforded of scanning the proportions of the gallant Yankee. It is somewhat hard that a man who has come so far at his own expense should not be allowed to accomplish the job he has undertaken. Heenan returned to his training quarters on Thursday. His colors are red, white and blue borders, surrounded by the thirteen stars, and bearing the motto, "May the best man win." They may be had on the usual terms of Nat Langham, Cambrian, Castle street, Leicester square.

Tom Sayers, we are told, is doing his utmost to get fit, and begins now to see the importance of leaving no stone unturned. He comes to London to morrow, (Monday) to take his benefit at St. George's Hall, as announced elsewhere, and on Tuesday morning resumes close work at his favorite headquarters. *Wilke's Spirit* contains nothing of importance concerning the match, beyond a contradiction of Heenan's statement, which we published, that he would fight at 12 st. 7 lbs, or thereabouts. Our worthy cotemporary says Heenan cannot fight under 13 st. 7 lbs, or 189 lbs. We again put the question to Heenan on Thursday, when he positively assured us he would not exceed 12 st. 7 lbs, and in corroboration of this assertion both he and Macdonald stated that even now he does not exceed 13 st. Time will show—*Bell's Life, Feb. 26.*

ANECDOTE OF THE POPE.—The London *Times'*, (February 22d) Florence correspondent, furnishes the following anecdote regarding His Holiness, which is regarded authentic:

"A few days ago he was walking out of the Porte Angelica, preceded and followed by his Noble Guards, accompanied by two Monsignori. He was conversing with these prelates on various matters, when he stopped short before an old countryman who was kneeling on the high-road, soliciting his blessing. "Are you a Christian?" asked the Pope; and the poor fellow, all taken aback, was dumb, the question was again and again repeated with sharp eagerness.—"Please your Holiness, I am," (*Santo Padre, si.*) at last stammered out the countryman. "Do you know the Ten Commandments?" pursued the apostolical catechist. "*Santo Padre si,*" was again the answer; whereupon the Pontiff bade him tell them one by one. The poor bewildered fellow tried one or two, then jumped over to the fifth or sixth, perceived his mistake, and his confusion became worse confounded, till he fairly broke down. The Pope then walked on with his suite and said triumphantly, "Let the people learn God's Commandments by heart, and then they will be fit for independence."

Amusements.

ALBANY HALL.

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

MADAME LOLA MONTEZ,

(COUNTESS OF LANDSFELD,)

WILL GIVE HER CELEBRATED LECTURE on

JOHN BULL AT HOME,

WEDNESDAY EVE'G, MARCH 21.

ON THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 22,

Will be given her amusing sketch, entitled

FASHION!

Tickets 25 cents. Doors open at 7 o'clock, will commence at 8 o'clock. mar20j3t1d1t

DANCING ACADEMY.

PROF. H. K. LYON.

WILL OPEN HIS PRIVATE DANCING ACADEMY, at No. 232 Main Street, over Anderson's confectionary store,

On Saturday, March 17th, 1860,

At 2½ P. M. for juveniles, and 4½ P. M. for Ladies, and 7 P. M. for Gentlemen. To continue on Saturdays of each week, until it may suit interiors with the address who do the same.

TERMS:—Juvenile class $2.00 per Scholar, Adults in proportion to the number of Dancers. Private lessons will be given at his Academy, or at private residence if required. Music furnished for all amusements. For particulars apply at the Academy or address H. K. LYON.

Box 737, Milwaukee, Wis.

BADGER STATE BOWLING SALOON

NO. 107 MAIN STREET.

PINS AND BALLS FOR SALE, AND sent to any part of the country. mar25l18d1y P. LAURENUS.

ALBANY RESTAURANT AND BILLIARD ROOM,

Albany Block, corner Main and Michigan Sts

OPPOSITE NEWHALL HOUSE, MILWAUKEE.

Ladies Entrance second door on Main street. nov23h445d1y

Wants.

PARTNER WANTED.

A PARTNERSHIP IS OFFERED TO A Practical Mechanic, one who understands manufacturing Doors, Blinds, and Sash, in a well established Steam Factory, at the city of Milwaukee, Wis. Small cash capital will be required, with good references. For further particulars address W. Lee, Milwaukee Post Office, Drawer No. 511. mar19j4t1dlw W. LEE.

FARM WANTED.

ANY PERSON HAVING A FARM from 40 to 80 acres, in a good farming district, with some buildings on it, well watered, and willing to put the price down level with the times, can hear of a cash customer by addressing TORRINGTON, Post Office, Milwaukee, Wis. mar9j20d2w

A CHANCE FOR A TRADE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS A GOOD House and fifty feet lot, within five minutes walk of the Post Office, which he wishes to exchange for a small farm near the city. Any person having such to trade can address, P. O. Box 1630, Milwaukee. mar19j1d3w

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

I WANT TO EMPLOY A VERY STEADY man for three months to assist me in my Auction and Commission business. He must be a good penman and understand figures well, be acquainted with our currency, and must have a general knowledge of the people of Milwaukee. As a salary would be expected, but will have no objection to one who is married, provided he is qualified. If the above fits anyone to apply except he understands the business he need not call. CALEB WALL.

WANTED TO PURCHASE. THE INterest of a Temperance Restaurant already established, at a flourishing town, or Railroad Station in this State or Michigan. Address, stating particulars, box 1352 Milwaukee Post Office. oct28

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

I WANT TO PURCHASE A LOT IN Milwaukee Proper, Fifth Ward, cheap for cash cash down. The lot must be free from all incumbrances whatever. CALEB WALL.

CITY AUCT ON ROOM.

WANT TO PURCHASE FROM TEN or fifteen thousand dollars worth of property in the city limits. Said property want to purchase by the acre. Apply to CALEB WALL.

A. P. LOCKERBY'S

GENERAL LAND AGENCY,

WAUSAU, WISCONSIN.

FOR MAKING COLLECTIONS, EXAMINATION of Titles, Payment of Taxes, and the transaction of all Real Estate business, in Northern and Central Wisconsin.

REFERENCES.

Lawrence & Hobert, Wausau, Wis.; Strickland & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; Hon. A. G. Kile, Stevens Point, Wis.; N. B. Tenny, Madison, Wis.; G. W. Taylor, St. Louis, Mo.; W. C. Bryant & Co., N. Y. City; L. W. Kosikenbach, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Office corner Jackson and Fourth sts

A. P. LOCKERBY, Dep't Co. Register. feb9t28d57d6m

PRESERVES. A VARIED ASSORTMENT on hand, and for sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW, 119 East Water st. oct18

Auction Sales.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A CHATTEL MORTGAGE executed by John Gredman to us, the undersigned, Henry Kummer, Frederick Goodman, George W. Buell, William Goodman, and D. and J. Adler, dated February 27th, A. D., 1860, a copy of which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the City of Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin, on the 27th day of June, A. D., 1860, and upon which default has been made, we shall sell at public auction the goods mentioned and described, consisting of Liquors, Gas Fixtures, Shades, Cans, Desks, Bar Counter, Show Case, at the store, No. 12 Wisconsin Street, in the said City of Milwaukee on the 26th day of March, A. D., 1860, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

Dated Milwaukee, the 19th day of March, 1860.

HENRY KUMMER,
GEO. W. BUELL,
FREDERICK GOODMAN,
WILLIAM GOODMAN,
D. & J. ADLER,
Mortgagees.

mar19 2d3d

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NUMBER 146 EAST WATER STREET, Milwaukee. CALEB WALL will sell all descriptions of goods at his usual price: advance on all goods, and sell at public or private sale. sep1

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

GRAND SALE OF SUPERFINE FURNITURE. I will sell at public auction, on Thursday, March 29th, all the furniture of Mr. Kimball, at his dwelling houses on Marshall street, in the brick dwellings between Knapp and Ogden sts. The furniture is of a superior quality. The sale will commence at 10 o'clock in the morning. Ladies are particularly invited to attend the sale. The pieces of furniture are numerous. It is impossible to give a full list of them in this advertisement. A catalogue will be issued the day of the sale, and ready two days. The furniture is, viz: Brussells carpets, Parlor furniture, Bed room furniture, Rosewood Piano furniture, Dining room furniture of every description, kitchen furniture of all kinds, &c. The furniture is all new, and has been purchased this season. Look out for catalogue Wednesday, March 21st, and get a catalogue of said furniture. CALEB WALL, City Auctioneer. mar19

City Auction Room.

WAREHOUSE SALE FOR WESTERN TRANSPORTATION CO., of the following Goods, to be sold in their place at my Auction Room, March 20th, 1860, at 10 o'clock:

(B.)—60 half bbls Lager Beer.
" 4 casks do
" 6 Case Cigars.
No brand—100 bbls Bottles, &c.
W. Sweeny—5 rocking chair.
" 1 lounge.
P. P.—1 green clock.
J. Cunniff—1 box.
J. O. Taylor—1 piece machinery.
J. Smith—1 stone sink.
J. A. Sawyer—1 old buggy.
" 1 bale old harness.
J. A. Rossman, care of Dousman & Co.—2 barrels whiskey.
W. S. & L. Alexander—5 leafs.
" 1 trunk.
R. D. Bacon, care of H. & J. F. Hill—1 Thresher.
CALEB WALL, City Auction Room.

City Auction Room.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A CHATTEL MORTGAGE executed by Louis F. Mentz and Charles Mientz, to me, the undersigned Charles Roth, dated June 4, A. D. 1859, and recorded in the office of the Clerk of said County of Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin, on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1859, and upon which default has been made, I shall sell at public auction the property therein mentioned and described, viz: Hats, Caps, Furs, Furnishing and Dress Goods, Trimmings, Parasols, Gloves, Winter Shoes, and Clothing, at the store No. 240 East Water street, in said city of Milwaukee, on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1860, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

Dated Milwaukee, the 19th day of March, 1860.

CHARLES ROTH, Mortgagee.
CALEB WALL,
City Auctioneer.

mar19

WILLIAMS & RODWAY,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

LAND AGENTS AND MONEY BROKERS,

19 WISCONSIN STREET, 19.

WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENtion to the sale of Furniture, Dry Goods, and every description of Merchandize, at their Sale room or in any part of the City or County.

Liberal advances on consignments, and prompt returns made.

N. B.—Bonds, Notes, and Mortgages negotiated.

D. WILLIAMS, W. H. RODWAY.

Milwaukee, January 17, 1855. jan18dly

For Sale or Rent.

STORE TO RENT.

THE STORE NOW OCCUPIED BY A. W. Higgins as a Grocery Store. Apply to W. M. BROWN, Jr. mar7 eod1w

TO LET.

FOR A TERM OF YEARS, THOSE two lots on the west side of River st., adjoining the Coal Yard and Tannery, north of Oneida st. Inquire of F. TRENKAMP & CO., Corner of Cass and Michigan Sts. mar19j1d1w

HOUSE TO LET.

BRICK HOUSE, WITH BATH ROOM and other conveniences, on Fifth Street, between Cyhourn and Sycamore. mar19 1d1w CHAS. H. WILLIAMS

Houses for Rent or Sale.

M. L. SKINNER, Office No. 4 Martin's Block.

SEVERAL HOUSES ON LEASED LAND for sale very cheap. M. L. SKINNER.

THE GREENLEAF RESIDENCE, NEAR the 7th Ward School, for sale very low, $300 down. M. L. SKINNER. feb22

Houses to Let.

TWO BRICK HOUSES ON ASTOR ST., near Division. Rent low. Possession given immediately. Apply to A. P. CLARKE, No. 4 Mitchell's Building, 2d floor. Milwaukee, March 3d, 1860. mar3 3m3d1w

TO LET.

THE BRICK STORE NO. 169 EAST Water street, now occupied by Green & Borden. Possession given the 1st of May. Apply to A. P. CLARKE, No. 4 Mitchell's Building. Feb. 16th, 1860.

TO LET, OR FOR SALE.

THE BRICK HOUSE ON THE CORNER of Martin and Lake streets, known as the Grant House. Possession given May 1st. Inquire of A. P. CLARKE, No. 4 Mitchell's Building. Feb. 16th, 1860. feb16 3m3d1w

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

FOR SALE OR FOR RENT ON VERY easy terms, the North tenement of double house on Division st., second tenement above Sheriff Dunbar. The house is in good order and very convenient. Possession given immediately. Apply to CALEB WALL, Owner. feb7

Steamboat City of Cleveland FOR SALE.

THE STEAMER CITY OF CLEVELAND was built by Bidwell, Banta & Co., in the year 1857, and is of seven hundred and eighty-eight tons burthen, or thereabouts.

This Steamer has ample passenger accommodations, and is well furnished and equipped as a first class passenger boat; her engines are powerful and her passenger cabin (if not superior) to any steamer on the Lakes of her tonnage, and is a staunch first class sea boat.

She will be sold on very favorable terms, both as to price and terms of payment, and to parties desiring to purchase a Steamboat a rare opportunity is offered. A full and perfect title will be guaranteed to the purchaser. For further particulars enquire of P. FAY,

Of the firm of Pratt & Co., Buffalo. Jan23j2d3t1mo

ALSO FOR SALE,

THE THREE SCHOONERS, TO WIT: Schooner ELIZA LOGAN, tonnage 343 69-95; Schooner WINSLOW, tonnage 343 70-95; Schooner GOV. HUNT, tonnage 347 05-95.

Either or all of the above named vessels will be sold on easy terms. Apply to PRATT & CO., Buffalo, N. Y. Jan23j3d3t1mo

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

THE OFFICE ROOMS OVER THE Railroad Offices, corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, I will rent until the 1st of May next. The best location in the city. CALEB WALL. oct7

Banking and Exchange.

PRICE, FARMER & CO.,

BANKERS AND DEAERS IN

Bank Notes, Specie & Exchange,

NO. 15 NEWHALL HOUSE, MIL.,

COLLECTIONS MADE AND REMITTED promptly at current rates of exchange.

REFER TO

Continental Bank, N. Y.; Dr. Cummings, President Girard Bank, Philadelphia; Merchants Exchange, Boon & Trust Co., Chicago; A. Ladue, Treasurer, St. Louis; State Bank Wisconsin, Milwaukee. mar9j6m1y

ARMSTRONG, SPINK & CO.,

BANKERS,

CORNER OF HURON AND EAST WATER Streets, buy and sell Foreign and Domestic Exchange, uncurrent Money, Gold, &c. Are prepared to make Collections direct on England, Ireland Scotland, Wales, and the principal cities on the Continent of Europe.

Milwaukee, Nov. 12th, 1859. nov12d1y1875

HARVEY TERRY,

BANKER & DEALER IN EASTERN EXCHANGE

PURCHASES AND NEGOTIATES Good Business Papers; will negotiate the sale of Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages East.

Also Agent for the sale of Philadelphia Fire Proof and Burglar Proof Champion Safes, suitable for Bankers and others, being one of the best kinds of Fire and Burglar Proof Safes combined made in America; at prices from $30 to $700 each, according to size.

OFFICE, CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Spring street Bridge. jy21h565dly

BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE

—OF—

WALTER DELAFIELD,

WAUKON.....IOWA.

COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY REMITted at current rates of Exchange.

Refer to American Exchange Bank, N. Y.; Wisconsin and Fire Ins. Co. Bank, Milwaukee. feb20h604dly

CHARLES F. MILLER,

MANUFACTURER OF INVISIBLE

WIGS, TOUPEES,

AND

ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKS, &c.,

Cor. Biddle and East Water Sts., Mil.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE to call the public attention to his Establishment and Stock, which will be found superior to any in the Western Country. All the great improvements in the construction of WIGS, HEAD-DRESSES, BANDEAUX, BRAIDS, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKS, &c., are used by him, particularly by his Ventilating Wigs.

WIGS or TOUPEES made to order, with the certainty of a perfect fit by taking the measure as here directed:

No 1—Round the head.
No. 2—From temple to temple, below the crown.
No. 3—The hair on the forehead to the roll of the head.
No. 4—Ear to ear.

Address, CHAS. F. MILLER, Corner E. Water and Biddle Sts., Mil. or21h567y

TAX NOTICE.

THE PERSONAL TAX LISTS FOR the years 1 57, 1858 and 1859, are now in my hands for collection, and all persons desirous of saving expenses, can call at my office and pay the same.

Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, March 17, 1860

A. J. LANGWORTHY, Sheriff. mar17j4t5d1f

Groceries and Provisions.

EDWARD TRUSLOW,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUITS, CONFECTIONERY, &c.,

119 East Water Street, Milwaukee,

oct28

CITRON ...LEGHORN EXTRA, FOR sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW.

CONFECTIONERY.—A LARGE AND varied assortment on hand for sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW,

Wholesale Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Fruits and Confectionery, 119 East Water street.

RAHAT-EE-LOKOOM, CUEPDARE, OR Turkish Fig Paste, and Grape Paste, for sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW.

Wholesale Dealer in Foreign Fruits, 119 East Water street

APPLES, IN PRIME ORDER, FOR sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW, Wholesale Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, &c., 119 East Water street.

"HEIDSIECK & CO."

CHAMPAGNE.

THIS CELEBRATED WINE, OF THE above well-known brand, is unsurpassed for its rich bouquet and general excellence.

The subscriber has received a large consignment of the above choice brand of Champagne and greatly to confirm the purchasers' high opinion of its merits, he will sell the wine for Heidsieck & Co.'s own bill at the following prices, with the corks & cages on:

Heidsieck & Co.'s Brandy Vintage, 1842. Connoisseurs of fine brandies have pronounced this to be truly royal, if not superior to any imported into this country for twenty years.

The above may be examined at

J. W. LEDYARD, 16 East Water street, Wholesale Dealer in Imported Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and Havana Cigars. mar19

CHEESE

ENGLISH CHEDDAR, VERY FRESH and choice; American Pine Apple Cheese; Sap Sago Cheese; Herkimer County Cheese.

FISH.

Boston Mackerel, in kits; Scotch Salmon; Connecticut Shad, do; Kennebec Salmon, smoked.

BUTTER.

From selected Wisconsin Dairies,

SUGAR CURED HAMS.

SUGARS.

Havemeyer's & Mollier's Patent Cut Loaf, Crushed, Powdered, Granulated and Coffee Sugars.

TEAS.

English Breakfast, Colonga and Young Hysons, finest qualities.

COFFEES.

Old Mocha and Governor of Java, choice Rio and Laguira.

DRIED FRUITS.

Layer Raisins, in half, whole and quarter boxes; Zante Currants, Prunes and Figs.

AGENCY

FOR

SANDS' CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE

PALE CREAM ALES!

My stock of choice Groceries, Condiments, Sauces, Pickles, Nuts, &c., will continue to be carefully selected and replenished. All orders promptly and delivered free in any part of the city.

JOHN W. LEDYARD,
Grocer and Wine Dealer,
feb15 161 East Water Street.

"The Old Corner Store Alive."

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of East Water and Mason Streets,

HAVE THE LARGEST AND MOST complete assortment of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

Can, Dried and Foreign Fruits,

HAMBURGH CHEESE, and in fact all articles kept in a really first-class family grocery, and at prices to suit the times. We would recommend our friends to call and see for themselves. We are determined to sustain our reputation for selling nothing but the best of goods, and the same reasonable and liberal treatment that has characterized THE OLD CORNER GROCERY for the last twenty years. HENN & CROSBY.

feb16 2d1w3m1y

Special Notices.

Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge.

Toll the bell for pretty Nell.
All the household's pride.
She died, they say, of worms the prey.
Although with med'cine plied,
'Twas Jalap, Mercury, and gamboogeWhat helped her too her doom:
But Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge
Saves thousands from the tomb.

Put up in bottles. Price 25 dimes. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and by druggists. marl7d1m

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS,

Prepared by Cornelius L. Cheeseman, M.D.,
NEW YORK CITY.

THE COMBINATION OF INGREDIENTS in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

TO MARRIED LADIES,

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are invaluable, as they will bring on the monthly period with regularity. Ladies who have been disappointed in the use of other Pills can rely on the utmost confidence in Dr. Cheeseman's Pills doing all that they represent to do.

NOTICE.

There is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a PECULIAR RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that when the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.

Warranted purely vegetable, and free from anything injurious. Explicit directions, which should be read, accompany each box. Prices $1. Sent by Mail on enclosing $1 to Dr. CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, Box 4231, Post Office, New York City.

Sold by one Druggist in every town in the United States. R. B. HUTCHINS,
General Agent for the United States,
No. 15 Broadway, New York,
To whom all Wholesale orders should be addressed.

☞ Sold in Milwaukee by Green & Button, and H. Bosworth & Son. mar23s9inweow

Dr. Jas. McClintock's Pectoral Syrup

STANDING IN THE FIRST RANK OF the profession. Dr. McClintock has given his medicine to the world under the guaranty of his high reputation, as a means of certain, immediate and permanent relief in diseases of the throat and lungs which have defied all other remedies.

Price $1. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. marl7d1m

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful Female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it to be the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause.

If life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞ None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Office No. 13 Cedar street, New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice. jan15d1y&weowly

KENOSHA WATER CURE

IS PERMANENTLY LOCATED IN ONE of the most healthy cities on Lake Michigan, between Milwaukee and Chicago, and has been thoroughly refitted and enlarged so as to accommodate a large number of patients. Experienced nurses are constantly employed to attend all patients at the Cure. Dr. Seeley is the attending physician, whose reputation is unexcelled in the country.

☞ For particular and circular, address
E. PENNOYER, Proprietor, Or,
H. T. SEELEY, M. D.
aug15d1dawly

Dr. McClintock's Cold and Cough Mixture

IS A COMBINATION OF NATURE'S vegetable antidotes to the irritation and disturbance of the breathing apparatus, which produce colds, coughs, hoarseness, and sore throat. It removes in a very short time every vestige of inflammation from the lungs and throat, and renews the free respiration of perfect health.

Price 25 cts. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. marl7d1m

THE PUBLIC BLESSING WHICH IS now so universally admitted to exist in Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, is every day demonstrated by their astonishing efficacy in the cases which they are announced to cure. All the complaints of the stomach and bowels, weakness of the digestive organs and of the system generally, bilious and liver affections, night fevers, head aches, piles costiveness, consumption, rheumatism, scurvy, impurity of the blood, or blotched and sallow complexions, soon yield to their curative properties. A single trial invariably secures them the title of the best family medicine now before the public. For sale by the proprietor, W. B. MOFFAT, at his office, 335 Broadway, and by Store Keepers and Druggists generally. oct15l862itwwly

Drugs and Medicines.

Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,

Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,

Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.

By H. BOSWORTH & SONS,
feb27 Wholesale Druggists, Milwaukee.

JOHN RICE,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

No. 88 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM PITKIN & BROTHERS, of Louisville, a supply of mixed BIRDSEED, (Canary) Hemp, Millet and Rape, put up in small packages, suitable for retailing, 50 packages in a box, which I am sell at a low figure. Also a full supply of

JAPONICA,
GUM CAMPHOR,
EPSOM SALTS,
GLAUBER SALT,
SULPHUR,
ALUM,
CREAM TARTAR,
BAKING SODA,
LICORICE,
CASTILE BRICK,
CASTOR OIL,
OLIVE OIL,
OPIUM,
QUININE,
MORPHINE,
ALCOHOL,
BURNING FLUID,
CAMPHENE,
TURPENTINE,
MACHINE OIL,
LINSEED OIL,
WHITE LEAD,

And a full assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Glass Ware, Spices, &c., &c. aug5

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

HENRY FESS, JR.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST,

196 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

20 BARRELS WINTER BLEACHED Whale Oil, for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. 8 gross received and for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., jan19 Wholesale Agent for Milwaukee.

REED'S BAKING POWDERS, FOR sale, by the gross or dozen. Also, at retail. HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

CONCENTRATED LYE.—30 CASES RECEIVED, and for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., 196 East Water st.

AYERS' CHERRY PECTORAL, FOR sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

WINTER STRAINED LARD OIL.—10 bbls received and for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

50 BOXES SPERM CANDLES, FOR sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., 196 East Water St.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN WINDOW Glass, all sizes. A large lot in store and for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist, 196 East Water St.

BURNING FLUID, FOR SALE BY HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

SCHUMACHER & JOHNSON

MANUFACTURERS OF THE GREAT WESTERN FIRE, POWDER & Burglar-Proof Safes,

Vault Doors, etc. All our Safes are provided with our own "No Fire Ultra" Safe and Vault Door Locks, which have no key nor Key hole, and consequently cannot be picked nor blown open with powder, besides being fire and burglar proof, there is no possible chance for driving them from the doors. 17jan60dly

THE SENTINEL.

Terms of the Sentinel.

CASH, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY, delivered in City, per annum	$7.00
do do do six months	4.00
do do do three months	2.00
do do do per week	15
Papers to the Trade, per hundred	2.00
DAILY, by mail, per annum	7.00
do do six months	4.00
do do three months	2.00
do do per month	1.50
do do single copies, 3 cents.	
TRI-WEEKLY, per annum	4.00
do six months	2.00
do three months	1.00
WEEKLY, per annum	1.50
do six months	1.00
do three months	50

CLUB RATES FOR THE WEEKLY.

To clubs of four (to one address) per annum.. 5.00
do do five do do do .. 6.00
do do ten do do do .. 10.00
Address JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers Daily Sentinel, Milwaukee, Wis.

LAUGHTER.

BY WM. H. BRANNAN.

Let me exult in a tumult of joy;
Blame not my spirit or chanting a tune,
Wild as the notes of a frolicsome boy—
Sweet as the musical melting of June!
Nothing in nature should make man sad,
She laughs and is glad in her circle and rain;
Earthquake and tempest proclaim she is glad—
Shaking the cobwebs of care from her brain.

Chirruping crickets that haunt the old hearth—
Pewees and sparrows that nest in the eaves—
Bird, beast, and insect, all over the earth,
Laugh at the lubberly fellow that grieves!
Sunshine is gleaming on the tops of the trees—
Shadows are laughing and dancing below;
Meadows are joyous with honey-fed bees—
Fools only whine at the phantom of woe.

Hail to but laughter, that tickles the side
Of old mother Earth, in her winter of sleep;
Snow is a blanket of laughter, spread wide!
To cover earth's fun in a joke full deep;
Stars laugh and wink in unison each other on high.—
Fun finds a place in those far-away clouds—
Thunder, that carols all over the sky—
Nothing at all but the laughter of gods!

Facts for Farmers.

TRAINING STEERS.—This is an art that every one has not the faculty to practice. It requires a great deal of patience, judgment, skill, in short, to know how, and the ability to do what you know. Four pair of steers can be trained at once with nearly the same ease as one. The first step is to shut them into a well fenced yard, with an area of from twelve to sixteen square rods, where the driver can stand in the center and make the steers travel around him. They should be kept going in pairs, or Indian file, until they will allow his approach—until they learn to be handled without fear, which is an important rudiment in the education of an ox. In doing this, the same patience and gentleness should be exercised which is expected of the teacher of a school—a patience which never yields to vexation. In a short time they will allow themselves to be yoked on either side, and can be driven anywhere, either in or out of the yard. Four days spent in this way will better train steers to the yoke than four months of miscellaneous farm service, and they will be better cattle for all kinds of teaming, and sell for a higher price. The drilling in the yard should be continued until they can be driven with ease. To learn them to stand when left to rest, they need hitching as much as a span of horses. When steers are trained to drive well in the yoke, the entirely different operation of training them to work should be commenced. This should proceed by degrees, with light loads and short journeys, until they give evidence of ability as well as knowledge. Oxen can be trained to work well with as little expense to the natural spirits of the animal, as the horse, and it should be the aim of every ox-teamster to train his cattle to work well without discouraging or abusing them.

HULLED CORN.—One of the luxuries of American farm life is hulled corn. Yet not one in ten of farmers families ever enjoy it. It is particularly acceptable in the Spring of the year, when old vegetables are on the decline, and new ones have not yet come into use. When the farmer burns wood, a white ley may be made in a few minutes, or cobs may be burned and a ley made of the ashes, into which put the corn to be hulled, which should be large, white flint corn, and let it remain until the hull will slip easily, and then rinse it thoroughly with cold water, rubbing it with the hands or stirring it with a stick till all the hulls are washed off. Feed the hulls and chits which come out to the pigs or hens, and boil the corn for yourself until it swells to three times its original size, and is as soft as bread. You may prepare and boil a gallon at once for half a dozen, and what is not eaten at first may be warmed over just as you would potatoes. Those who have no wood ashes or cobs to make weak ley of, may hull corn by using a teaspoonful of saleratus to a quart of corn, in water enough to cover it. In either case the ley must be made hot after the corn is put in to loosen the hull; and if it is not carefully washed it will taste of the ley unpleasantly.

GRAPES FROM HEAVEN.—Wm R. Prince, son of Wm. Prince, of Flushing garden and nursery notoriety, is a strong believer in spiritualism. We have often heard him declare that the spirit of his father continued to direct him. Last year he was passing through his garden, and discovered in a place where a vine could not have not been long growing without attracting his attention, a very remarkable vine, apparently three years old, bearing twenty bunches of the most delicious grapes he ever tasted. They were but a very little less delicious than the very nectar of Heaven. No one about the place could tell anything about this vine, how or when it came there. It was new to all. So he called up the spirit of his father and the old grape-grower informed him that he did it. He procured the plant from the planet Juno, and sent it down to him for the benefit of the world, and incidentally to the benefit of his dear William, who was directed to exercise his skill in propagating and multiplying this Heaven-descended vine. This, dear William has done, and now offers the young sprouts at the cheap rate (considering where they come from) of $5 a vine. Who'll buy? Who'll buy? Grapes from Heaven, who'll buy?

CHEAP NAILS.—The cheapest nails are not the lowest priced ones. Cut nails made of good quality will out last such as can be bought at the lowest rates about two to one. Never use nails for siding or shingles that break very easy; and be sure not to allow your carpenter to use nails of very light weight. First-rate cut nails of suitable size may cost 25 per cent. more than the poorest and lightest, but in the end they are a 100 per cent. the best. Nails made of poor iron will rust out a great deal quicker than nails made of good tough malleable iron, like that known as old sable.

IS NOW LOCATED IN A COMMODIOUS suite of four rooms, in Martin's Block, corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, elegantly fitted up and open for the reception of students, with facilities second to none in the United States.

The Book-Keeping Course

Comprises the widest range of study incident to the General Accountant in every variety of business, and will be of the most full and comprehensive character. Students will have the benefit of entirely separate instructions, and can commence at any time, and no pains will be spared to give the fullest and most complete satisfaction.

Practical and Ornamental Penmanship will be taught systematically, unsurpassed by that of any similar Institution East or West.

The Ladies Department is entirely separate and tastefully furnished.

☞ Merchants apply here for Clerks and Book-keepers.

☞ The proprietor will furnish pleasant rooms to Students gratuitously, by which means their board will be reduced to a price much lower than could be obtained elsewhere.

☞ For further particulars call on or address the proprietor, LOWELL LINCOLN.
sep27d70dlw1mo

JOHN C. SEWETT'S
WHOLESALE
BIRD-CAGE
MANUFACTORY
BUFFALO, N.Y.

ONE GREAT PECULIARITY WHICH my Cages possess over all others, is that are thoroughly baked in a brick oven, and are guaranteed not to injure the birds. Also warranted superior in ornamental finish and durability. Prices guaranteed as low as any maker in the United States. Illustrated circulars and price lists sent to any address, on application.

JOHN C. SEWETT,
mar16j431dlmo 217 Main street.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

CALL AND SEE ME.

REMOVAL.

I HAVE PURCHASED THE STORE Room, No. 156 East Water street, directly opposite to H. Fess, Jr.'s Drug Store. Its location is more favorable for my auction business. I am now ready and prepared to attend to all sales of Goods and Furniture, at my store or at dwelling houses—I would say in a word, any thing you may bring me in housekeeping the best place to sell their furniture is at the Auction Rooms. All sales committed to my care will be strictly attended to.

CALEB WALL,
City Auctioneer.
mar9 No. 156 E. Water st.

CITY LAND OFFICE.

NOTICE TO ALL OWNERS OF HOUSES.—Families are coming continually at our office, from day to day, "Have you a good house to rent first of May?" We would therefore suggest to all who have houses to rent first of May, to send us a list of same, and how long you will lease them, and what price. We will make a record of the same and try and find good tenants who will pay punctually. And, if desired, for a certain per cent., will guarantee the rent of all tenants, which will save the landlord much trouble. We intend to give this business our special attention. All who desire us to take charge of their property, please send us a list immediately. OGDEN & WALL,
mar8 Real Estate Agents,

Business Cards.

ATTORNEYS.

CARLOS GLIDDEN.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office in Van Cort's building, corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, third floor. jun15j50dly

A. H. PARRISH. A. ROSENTHAL.

PARRISH & ROSENTHAL,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, NO. 1 KNEELAND'S BLOCK, 219 East Water street, Milwaukee, Wis. dec31j57dly

HENRY S. LEE. MASON G. SMITH.

LEE & SMITH,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS, Ludington's Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

CARY & PRATT,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS. OFFICE IN "LAW BUILDINGS," NO. 21 Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wis. JOHN W. CARY. [jan28j563m] WALLACE PRATT.

LAW AND ABSTRACT OFFICE.

JOHN G. TOWNSEND, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, and U. S. Commissioner, No. 219 East Water street. Abstracts and Certificates of Title furnished. ☞ Charges reasonable. je23j70dtm

UPHAM & GRAHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY. New Post Office Building, second floor. apr14dly

JAMES H. DODGE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT Law. Particular attention given to the collection of all claims against the State. Office No. 4 Mitchell's Block, Milwaukee, Wis. [je22j56dly

WELLS & BRIGHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MILWAUKEE, Wisconsin. Office in Law Buildings, Wisconsin Street. CHAS. K. WELLS. je16 JEROME R. BRIGHAM.

Emmons, Van Dyke & Hamilton,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office—231 East Water Street, corner of Wisconsin Street, in Martin's Block. aug22dly

LITHOGRAPHERS.

LOUIS LIPMAN

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHER, OVER the Marine Bank, 216 East Water Street, Milwaukee, is prepared to execute all orders in his line, such as Maps, Plans, Checks, Drafts, Views of Buildings, Show Cards, &c., &c. ☞ Particular attention paid to getting up Rail Road Maps, Bonds, &c. mr12j581dly

PHYSICIANS.

J. S. DOUGLAS, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIST, HOUSE AND OFFICE No. 22 Wisconsin street, S. W. Corner of Van Buren street. nov12d52m 3dywsim

PACKERS, &C.

JOHN PLANKINTON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF SOAP AND CANDLES, West Water Street, near the M. & M. R. R. depot, Milwaukee.

HOTELS.

AMERICAN HOUSE,

P. KANE & SON, PROPRIETORS, Spring Street, Milwaukee, Wis. jy13j76dly.

PAINTERS.

SAMUEL M. BROOKS

PORTRAIT AND LANDSCAPE PAINTER. Studio, Corner of East Water and Wisconsin Street, over Van Cott's. dec0d72d1y.

MUSIC.

INSTRUCTIONS IN SINGING
AND
COMPOSITION.

TERMS: PER QUARTER OF THIRteen Weeks, (twice a week, $20.) Per quarter of thirteen weeks, once a week, $11.00. Orders may be left at Mr. Hempstead's Music Store, at the office of G. Von Deutsch, or with the subscriber, No. 257 Third Street, opposite the LaCrosse R. R. Depot. oct14dly E. SOBOLEWSKI.

Fuel, Lumber, &c.

999,000 Lumber 000 Feet.

IF WE SUPPOSED THESE HIGHFALUTING, lying advertisements about Lumber were believed, we should soon think out of the business. Our experience is, however, that men who want to buy lumber have full as many brains as those who want to sell—only a board and scantling to do,—and twenty per cent. knocked off from them—how it does make us feel!

PIERCE, LUSCOMBE & CO.

Long Joist and Scantling.

SHALL START OUR MILL EARLY.—Hand in your Bills for long Joist, Scantling and Timber; will commence freighting as soon as the shore is free from ice. LUSCOMBE & PIERCE.

DO YOUR BUSINESS EITHER AT the Yard of Pierce, Luscombe & Co., First Ward, or Pierce & Co., Fourth Ward, as is most convenient. PIERCE, LUSCOMBE & CO.
feb22j565dlmo

LAMBERTON'S

WOOD, HAY, AND HOP MARKET.

N. W. Corner West Water and Clybourn sts.

Office with Mabbett & Breed.

BEST SEASONED WOOD, ALL KINDS Cut and split, ready for use. Every description of BALED PRESSED HAY, and a large lot of KLW EASTERN HOPS of first quality.

All warranted, and delivered free in any part of the city at short notice. G. H. LAMBERTON.
jy1j62dly

CASH COAL YARD!

C. DUDLEY, AGENT,

IS NOW RECEIVING AND WILL KEEP constantly on hand for sale by the TON OR CARGO, the following kinds of Coal, of the very best quality and

LOW PRICES!

Delivered in any part of the city on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold at this Yard warranted full weight and best quality.

LEHIGH PREPARED COAL,
LEHIGH LUMP COAL,
SCRANTON PREPARED COAL,
SCRANTON LUMP COAL,
LACKAWANNA PREPARED COAL,
LACKAWANNA LUMP COAL,
PITTSTON PREPARED COAL,
PITTSTON LUMP COAL,
BLOSSBURGH COAL,
PITTSBURGH COAL,
ERIE AND CLEVELAND COAL.

Will deliver to dealers and large consumers, at any point on the line of or in the country, at eastern prices, adding freight.

☞ All orders addressed to C. DUDLEY, Agent, Milwaukee, will receive prompt attention.

☞ Office and Yard, corner of West Water and Clybourn streets, near Huron Street Bridge, Milwaukee. jy16j565dly

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

JONES & POPE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in the various kinds of very best Coal, for Steam, Blacksmith, and Family purposes. Also,

Wood, Baled Hay and Water Lime,

Constantly on hand. Wood sawed or unsawn, to suit customers,

AT LOW PRICES.

Delivered to any part of the city, or on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold here warranted good weight, and of the best quality.

All large consumers and dealers wishing to buy Bituminous Coal by the cargo, for steam and blacksmith purposes, please give us a call. We will sell at Cleveland prices, delivered on board vessel, the best and cheapest Steam and Blacksmith Coal now in the market, being proprietors of an extensive Coal mine, and receiving fresh Coals daily at Cleveland, are prepared to sell as low as any body.

☞ Office of Empire Wood and Coal Yard, corner of Oneida and River Streets, Milwaukee, Wis.
aug22565dly

J. E. STEVENS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Hard and Soft Wood Lumber,

RIVER STREET, CORNER OF BIDDLE, Milwaukee, ... Wisconsin.

ASH, OAK, HICKORY, MAPLE, WALNUT, CHERRY, and WHITE WOOD LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH,
And all other kind of
WAGON AND CABINET LUMBER,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
aug30d56dlm J. HOLBROOK, Agent.

MILWAUKEE TIMBER YARD.

ONE MILLION FEET.

S. BATCHELDER,

MANUFACTURER OF NORWAY AND White Pine Timber, has established a yard on River St., foot of Martin, for the sale of Timber, Norway Pine Piles, and a ... lot of timber furnished to order. jy27d1m2dly

Watches and Jewelry.

A. B. VAN COTT.

BEST RAILROAD TIME-KEEPERS OF THE BEST ENGLISH, SWISS AND American manufacture, in Gold and Silver cases. Great variety of all kinds of Silver and Plated Ware, and new rich Jewelry of every style and description.

Watch Materials, &c.

Corner of East Water and Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. jy29.

HOLIDAY GOODS!!

THE GREATEST VARIETY, BEAUTIful, CHOICE, the FINEST Goods ever brought WEST, just now received.

☞ COME AND SEE, where we ALWAYS AIM to represent goods as THEY ARE, at the Jewelry Store of MASON & LOOMIS,
dec27 220 East Water st., Milwaukee.

FURNITURE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURchased the entire interest of August Fierstchen and Geo. Gey, R. Kinsell, in the Firm of

NOYES, FLERTZHEIM & CO.

Will continue the

Furniture and Upholstery

Business in all its branches at the

OLD STAND,

And he hopes, by constant attention to business to merit what has been so liberally bestowed on the old Firm, the patronage of his friends and the public generally. WM. A. NOYES.
oct14j857dly

The New Patent Corrugated Springs

REDUCING THE WEIGHT OF SKIRTS
AND
INCREASING THEIR STRENGTH
NEARLY ONE-HALF.
ARE FOUND ONLY IN
THOMSON'S CORRUGATED SKIRTS.

DATES—ARABIAN IN FRAILS, FOR
sale by EDWARD THUSLOW,
oct7 113 East Water st.

Hardware, Stoves, &c.

NOTICE.

THE LATE FIRM OF HENRY J. NAZRO & CO., was dissolved by limitation on the 29th February, 1860. The same business will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of JOHN NAZRO & CO.

Milwaukee, March 1, 1860. JOHN NAZRO.
H. J. NAZRO.

JOHN NAZRO & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails,

ROPE & TIN PLATE,

Nazro's Building, 121, 123 & 125 E. Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.

TERMS CASH.

WE HAVE ON HAND A LARGE AND well selected stock of Goods, and shall be receiving during the season additions to the same. Having selected the BASE MARKETS, we shall sell all Goods, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, at the very lowest prices we can afford.

We respectfully call and solicit a share of the

RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

To this Department we will give especial attention, in the city, country, and places tributary to Milwaukee, and promising entire satisfaction to the same. Having ordered the BASE MARKETS, we shall sell all Goods, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, at the very lowest prices we can afford.

We respectfully call and solicit a share of the

RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

To this Department we will give especial attention, in the city, country, and places tributary to Milwaukee, and promising entire satisfaction to the same. Having selected

THE SENTINEL.

COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

TUESDAY P. M., March 20th, 1860.

No improvement, as yet, in the money market. Exchange is quoted firm at 2 ℘ cent premium. Money very scarce and bank discounts close. We have the following by telegraph from New York to-day:

Sterling 110 C bds 9¾; Pac Mail 91¾; Canton 26; N Y C 78½; Erie 30½; H 20; Harlem preferred 25½; M C 41; M S 95½; Pana 134½; I C 69½; Gal & Chi 63¾; Chi & R I 46.

COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY P. M., March 20th, 1860.

Receipts by Railroad for the 24 hours ending noon to-day include:

Flour, bbls	554
Wheat, bus	6,160
Oats, bus	440
Barley, bus	200
Corn, bus	90
Rye	90
Hides, No	63

Nothing done in flour to-day. Excepting one sale of very choice superfine at $4,87½. We heard of no offers for spring extras.

There were eight receipts of wheat, as will be noticed, and a very dull market. On 'Change we heard $1 nd, and a very dull market. On 'Change we heard $1 nd, and a very dull market. On 'Change we heard $1 for No. 1 on the track, but there were no sales ere. A sale of 2,000 bus of the same quality was made at $1,01, for delivery in store April 1st. Extra dull and heavy, best samples not going outside of $1, 00¾.

In coarse grains, barley was the only article in which there was any activity. The range for this was 60 to 70c for common to very choice qualities. A couple of lots of choice corn sold at 36c on the track and 36c delivered.

The English Receipts of the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway is increasing so rapidly since their late reduction of rates, that the Company have found it necessary to charter the *Cuyahoga* to run in connection with the *Detroit* until the *Milwaukee* is ready for use, which will probably be within a week. The *Detroit* has done good service since she recommenced running, crossing the lake in five and a half hours, and taking large loads eastward upon every trip, but notwithstanding this she has been unable to keep pace with the rapidly growing business of the route. Both with the rapidly growing business of the route. Both with the steamships, we imagine, will have all they can do, until after the opening of the Straits, at least. We have expressions of satisfaction on all hands amongst our merchants, at the despatch and regularity with which they are running their goods over this route.

An Active Reduction in Railroad Freights.—The Detroit & Milwaukee Railway Company have again reduced their Eastward freights. The rate on flour from Milwaukee to New York is now 90c, and to Boston $1,10. These rates are actually *lower* than the rates from Chicago to the same places. The effect will be to induce a large movement of flour eastward from this point before the opening of lake navigation.

A Chicago firm to-day made a contract for the shipment of several thousand barrels of pork from that city to New York by way of the Grand Haven route.

High Price of Breadstuffs at St. Louis.—The comparatively high price of breadstuffs ruling at St. Louis for some time past, must doubtless have been a subject of enquiry in the minds of many, and it will be in order at this time to enquire into the causes which make flour worth more in the latter place at the present time, than in the city of New York. The St. Louis Merchants' Exchange *Reporter*, of the 14th, speaking of flour, says:

The market for this article presents some singularities this season, so far, that cannot fail to attract the attention of the commercial community. For instance, the Eastern cities are overstocked, (such is the general impression,) the export demand light, and yet at home we have an unexciting price at a time when supplies of wheat and flour are inadequate to the opening of navigation; should be liberal. These supplies, however, are not even adequately sufficient for the demand, and not even adequately sufficient for the demand, and with all our expectancy of a large yield in the country for the present, the existence which marked last year's receipts, continues at about the same ratio. We shall, at the rate, have to reverse the order of trade, and make purchasers at New York instead of seekers elsewhere. A month later must determine. City superfine flour commanding $5,90@6,00, and extra $6,00@6,05, while in New York we noticed quotations of Missouri at $5,60@5,80. Wednesday, M. H. Wallbridge & Co. (Detroit city), estimated the stocks of flour and grain in that market on the 1st inst., as follows:

Flour, bbls	650,000
Wheat, bus	1,300,000
Corn, bus	1,000,000
Oats, bus	1,000,000

Stock of wheat made up chiefly of Chicago spring and Milwaukee club, the supply of prime white being very small.

The may not be considered a very heavy stock, especially as the imports into the season falling largely behind those of a year ago. Up to the 3d inst, from Jan. 1st, 122,776 bbls flour had been received at New York, against 203,500 for same time last year.

At this point we suppose that the bulk have all will cover the stock. As to wheat, the bulk have all the supplies, some being in store on buyers' or sellers' account. As regards the growing crop, we hear of a heavy amount of damage by winter killing. It would seem that for a very considerable portion of it more general and disastrous than before known for several years. Advices from the country in relation to such matters are more or less exaggerated always, but at this time the weight of a thousand evidences is presented every day on 'Change in the way of sales for spring seed, goes far to establish the prevalent reports. Prime and choice qualities of red and white reached $1,45@1,50 on Thursday and Friday last. These remunerative rates must certainly draw out a large breadth in the country, and thus solve a problem about which no little interest is at this moment manifested.

It will be noticed according to this authority, that the principal reason given for the present unusual prices at Saint Louis, is the supposition of a short supply in the country, based on the fact that there's decrease which marked last year's receipts continues at about the same ratio" thus far this year.—Similar arguments might, and have been used by the bulls in this locality, for the deliveries of wheat at this city since the 1st of January are no larger than the same for the corresponding period in 1859. There are several reasons which might be assigned for this state of things, but the main question arises, does this [illegible] deficiency justify the opinion which seems to be entertained at St. Louis, viz: *that purchases can afford to be made at New York before harvest for Western consumption.* We by no means think it does, and would advise our friends on the Upper Mississippi to await the effect of the thorough resumption of inland navigation upon the St. Louis market before investing very largely in hopes of *famine* prices on any such grounds.

Receipts of Produce at St. Louis.—The Merchants Exchange *Reporter* publishes the following statement of receipts of produce at St. Louis by River and Railroad for the week ending March 14th, and since January 1st, as compared with the receipts for the same time last year:

RECEIPTS PER RIVER.

Articles.	Past week.	Total to date.	Same to date, 1859.
Bacon, cks	1067	4,265	2,305
" bbls	4,965	9,805	20,000
Barley, sks	8,579	12,504	9,775
Corn, bus	111,466	350,845	149,100
" in sacks	1,645	34,365	43,120
Flour, bbls	5,290	26,929	32,250
Corn meal, bbls	2,486	20,850	34,400
Hemp, bls	1,015	10,764	9,551
" bbls	2,154	6,000	6,964
" bags	1,824	6,524	4,069
" bales	1,309	1,570	476
Hides, bbls	320	99,895	13,201
" bags	1,315	1,756	1,000
Oats, bus	27,414	48,318	21,694
Pork, bbls	12,154	56,327	47,515
" lbs	4,475,200	9,716,200	6,210,800
Rye, sks	950	2,232	3,119
Sugar, hhds	1,527	19,056	24,280
" bbls	871	3,997	2,057
" bags		1,980	881
Tobacco, hhds	76	314	694
" lbs	57,903	260,005	241,305
Wheat, bus			

RECEIPTS BY RAILROAD.

Articles.	Past Week.	To Date.	Same to Mar. 21, 1859.
Bacon, pkgs	225	562	3,014
Barrels, pkgs	705	2,160	
Barley, sks	1,260	10,025	12,957
Coffee, sks	30	1,006	1,946
Wheat, bus	10,257	125,457	62,400
Oats, bus	4,010	25,527	47,027
Flour, bbls	2,048	12,530	19,656
Hides, pcs	1,124	3,997	4,469
Hides, bdls	55	251	
Hats, sks	1,126	33,567	8,459
Pork, bbls	190	2,059	
Furs, pcs	100	6,078	39,538
Spirits, bbls	9	1,023	
Sperm, sks	18	243	
Tallow, pkgs	4,619	49,495	98,028
Wheat, sks			

Chicago Market, March 19th.—Receipts of the articles named, at Chicago yesterday, were as follows:

Flour, bbls	1,918
Wheat, bus	61,476
Corn, bus	2,200
Oats, bus	609
Barley, bus	305
Lard, bbls	462
" kegs	83
Pork & Bacon, hhds	63
" " tcs	4
" " bbls	4
" " lbs	293,700

The *Gazette* of yesterday morning says:

In the provision market on Saturday, there was considerable firmness on the part of holders, but no activity of mess pork, 1,000 bbls deliverable at Ripley, sold at $17. For city brands $17,87@17,50 were the asking rates, with buyers at $17,25. Bulk meats were held at 6¾@6¾c for shoulders, and 8¾@8¾c for sides,—the only sale was 70,000 lbs shoulders at 6¾c. There was some demand for bacon at 7¾c, and 9¾c for was some demand for bacon at 7¾c, and 9¾c for shoulders and sides, but holders resolutely contended 9¾c for long clear and 10¾c for short rib sides, but holders resolutely contended 9¾c for long clear and 10¾c for short rib sides, but holders resolutely contended for 7¾@8¾c. Holders of lard do not care to part for 7¾@8¾c. Sugars were in good demand and firm at 7¾ 10¾c. Sugars were in good demand and firm at 7¾ @10¾c for low fair to choice. Molasses was firmer and in better demand. Coffee firm at 10½@14¾c.—Wheat dull, buyers holding off for a decline. Corn dull, at 45½@46c for ear, in bulk. Oats inactive at 43 @46c, in bulk. Barley for ; at 60@62c for prime fall and prices have an upward tendency.

Buffalo Market, Saturday.—The *Courier* says:

Flour—Remains quiet and unchanged. The sales to-day were 900 bbls at $5,50@5,65 for extras, and $6 @6,25 for double extras.

Wheat—Dull and no sales of importance transpiring.

Corn—And other grains quiet and nominal

Seed—Timothy quiet at $3@3,25 for fair to choice. Clover dull at $4 50.

Provisions—Dull and no sales.

Whiskey—Quiet, with small sales at 21½c.

New York Dry Goods Market.—The *Independent* in its review of the New York dry goods market for last week says:

The business at auction has become active, and is preventing private sales to any extent. The crowd of goods now pressing for sale through the auctions, and is depressing prices for woolens, shawls, silks and dress goods, more or fewer. There is a rush to sell, which deters rather than invites buyers. The sales have, however, been large, but at lower prices, and a further depreciation seems anticipated, for the quantity of goods to sell seems large. Linens are dull. Woolens are in very moderate request, with large stock. In domestic goods we observe rather less activity, with a better supply. The demand arises from the South, but we do not see how, since dispelled the pretended fears of politicians that they would abstain from buying. Their purchases have been greater than usual. Western buyers are still few. The manufacturers are all busy to order, and are using more than their ordinary supply of the raw material. Prices of cotton staples are firm, with a good export demand, and prints are doing better than of late. Many calicoes are down 2@3c, and remain mostly wanted. The general aspect of trade in the interior is favorable. Collections are improving. Many buyers are in the market with money in hand to make their purchases. A good trade in every section is anticipated.

EXPORTS OF FOREIGN DRY GOODS AT N Y PORT.			
For the week.	1858	1859	1860
Entered at the port,	$322,412	$725,706	$1,707,014
Thrown on market,	1,035,179	758,924	1,101,341
Since Jan. 1st.	1858	1859	1860
Entered at the port,	11,347,205	27,509,270	30,340,250
Thrown on market,	14,098,060	35,748,560	31,102,702

MILWAUKEE DAILY MARKET.

TUESDAY, March 20—7 P. M.

Flour—Receipts 554 bbls. Market dull and heavy. Sales 190 bbls "Tyler Mills" superfine at $4,87½.

Wheat—Receipts 6,160 bushels. Market dull, but unchanged. Sales 3,000 bus No. 1 in store April 1st at $1,01; 600 bus, by sample, delivered at $1,01; 350 bus at $1,01; 281 bus extra delivered at $1,04; 200 bus do at $1,01½.

Oats—Receipts 440 bus. No sales. Quoted at 32@ 33c.

Barley—Receipts 440 bus. Sales 200 bus No. 2 at 60c; 200 bus, by sample, at 62½c; 45 sacks No. 1 at 63c; 350 bus extra at 70c; 164 bus do at 72c.

Corn—Receipts 200 bus. Sales 200 bus on track at 30c; 200 bus delivered at 32c.

Grass Seed—Timothy $3,50@4,75.

Butter—We quote the market at 9½@10c for good fresh, and 8@13c for good roll—inferior qualities very dull.

Dressed Sheep—Prime selling at 7@8c ℘ lb. They are very scarce.

Mill Stuffs—Shorts $11@$12 per ton; middlings $15@$16.

Rye Flour—Selling at $4 per bbl, and very firm.

Spirits—Unchanged. We quote highwines 20¾@22c alcohol 12c; whiskey 17@18c

Potatoes—Plenty, and hard to sell for more than 40c.

Hides—Market steady at last week's prices, viz: Green ,5¾@6½c; green salted 7@7½c; dry salted 12@13c; dry flint 14c.

Furs—Messrs. A. H. Gardiner & Co, quote:

Mink	$1,50@2,00	Cross Fox	4,00@6,00
Martin	2,00@3,00	Silver-grey Fox	20@30,00
Fisher	4,00@4,50	Wolf	50@1,00
Otter	3,50@4,50	Wild Cat	50
Bear	5,00@6,00	Lynx	1,00@1,50
Cub Bear	2,50@3,00	Deer skins, per lb	30@35c
Raccoon	25@50	Beaver, per lb	1,00@1,50
Coon	50@ 50	Red Fox	1,25@1,50

RAILROAD RECEIPTS.

Received by Mil. & Minn. R. R.—March 20.—210 bbls flour, 1,354 bus wheat, 118 bus barley, 610 bus oats, 70 bus rye, 3,500 lbs sundries, 5 hides.

Received by Mil. & Miss. R. R.—March 20.—841 bbls flour, 4,506 bus wheat, 281 bus barley, 8 bbls eggs, 10,547 lbs sundries, 1,029 lbs rags, 34 hides, 25 bbls lard, 260 bus corn, 170 lbs oats, 1 dressed hog, 2,400 lbs hay, 2,770 lbs butter.

NEW YORK MARKET.

[By Telegraph.]

New York, March 20—6 P. M.

Flour—A little more active but prices are without material change demand chiefly for the local trade.—Sales 8,100 bbls at 5,10@5,20 for super state; 5,25@ 5,40 extra state; 5,05@5,20 for super round hoop Ohio; 5,40@5,65 for common to medium extra western; 5,05@5,10 for shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; market closing with no sellers at the inside prices. Canadian flour dull and heavy; sales 400 bbls at 5,20@5,60 for common and medium extra; 5,65@6,00 for fancy and unchanged; sales at 5,65 for Jersey. Buckwheat Flour in limited request at 3,00@3,12½ per 196 lbs.

Wheat—Very dull and in favor of buyers without any transactions of importance reported; holders of spring are disposed to realize; white prime and winter red are not offered at present; a small sale of amber Mich. was made at 1,50.

Rye—Quiet but steady; sales 2,100 bus at 86@87c.

Barley—Quiet and unchanged; small parcels prime State at 82c and inferior do at 62.

Corn—Quiet and without any decided change; sales of 13,000 bus at 47@48c for mixed Western; 47@49c for yellow western; mixed nominal at 46@47c.

Oats—Plenty and heavy at 42@44 for Canadian and State.

Whiskey—Heavy and lower; sales of 300 bbls at 22.

Pork—Dull and heavy and lower; sales 3,200 bbls at 17,25 for old mess; 17,87 for new do; 12,50 for old prime; 14,37½@14,50 for new do; 13,37½@13,50 for rumps; 16,50 for western prime mess in view, and 16,75 for city do.

Beef—Quiet and unchanged; sales 250 bbls at 4@4¼, 50 for c prime; 5@5,50 for c mess; 9@10 for repacked mess; 11@12 for extra mess. Beef hams quiet at 12@ 13c for State; 11@12c for Western. Prime mess beef dull and nominal at 10@11.

Cut Meats—Dull, heavy and lower; sales 20 packages at 7¾ c for shoulders; 9¾@9¾c for hams.

Bacon—Quiet and unchanged.

Lard—Dull and lower; sales 650 bbls at 10¾@11 for common to prime, and 11@11¾ for choice.

Butter—Firm for prime and heavy for common; 11 @14 for Ohio; 14@20 for State.

Cheese—Unchanged at 10@12¾c.

Coffee—Consequent upon favorable advices from, Rio, and a small stock on hand, amounting to 500 bags Rio, the market for Brazil coffee is very firm, but the operators are restricted.

MARINE.

Port of Milwaukee, March 19, 1860.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Detroit, McBride, Grand Haven, 19 pass, 3 tons rails, 57 pkgs do, 2 bbls sugar, 19 cases tobacco, 10 bbls molasses, 2 bbls do, 24 pkgs furniture, 35 bales carpet, 51 cases goods

CLEARED.

Steamship Detroit, McBride, Grand Haven, 28 pass, 417 bbls flour, 60 bags wheat, 59 bbls beef hams, 153 bbls pork, 88 bbls sugar cured hams, 31 bbls eggs, 34 rolls leather, 16 bbls ashes, 1 bale furs, 4 tons sundries.

MARINE ITEMS.

TUESDAY, P. M.

The steamship *Milwaukee* was expected to leave Chicago for Grand Haven to-day. If so, she will be ready to commence running in connection with the *Detroit* early next week.

River News.—The Winona *Republican* of Saturday contains the following items with reference to navigation on the Upper Mississippi:

The *Grey Eagle* arrived at our levee early this morning from the foot of the Lake. She loaded with produce for the St. Louis market.

The *Frontier Belle* came up this morning from LaCrosse with a small load of passengers and freight. The *Canada*, *Denmark*, and *Fred Lorenz* are on the way from St. Louis to Lake Pepin.

Capt. Harris thinks he will be able to go through Lake Pepin on his next trip up. The ice there is getting very porous, and will soon give way if this weather continues.

We find the following items in the Detroit *Tribune* of last evening:

Movement of Vessels.—Sail vessels as well as steamers are beginning to move freely. On Saturday the schooner Fortune arrived at this port with a cargo of coal from Cleveland. Since then the brig Walbridge, schooner Freeman and White Sea have passed up. The schooner W. R. Hanna also passed up with stone from the Islands for Port Huron.

The schooner Star passed down in ballast, and the screw Enterprise with a load of lumber for Fremont, O.

The Forester, which got in to-day, reports that the Katoolah made another attempt on Saturday to reach Godevich, but owing to the ice was unable to get within fifteen miles of that port.

The late south-east wind seems to have started the ice from the Canada shore of Lake Huron, as large bodies of it were seen by the Forester above Kincardine.

Still Another.—The propeller Ontonogan is to be added to the Detroit and Lake Superior line, as a consort to the Lady Elgin. The O. is a very staunch and fast boat.

Sale.—The propeller Hercules was bid off last Saturday at Sheriff's sale by Messrs. Pridgeon & Burns for $6515, the good barge for the money. She will probably run in the lumber trade between St. Clair river and the Lake Erie ports.

Wisconsin State Mercantile College

Juneau Block, East Water Street.

THIS INSTITUTION OFFERS TO young men great facilities for the acquisition of a complete PRACTICAL education in the business and Commercial Sciences, embracing Wholesale and Retail Merchandising, Railroading, Manufacturing, Forwarding and Commission, Steamboating, &c., &c. All the book-keeping sets were written up at a great expense expressly for the College, by eminent Book-keepers and Accountants, for copy-book purposes, and in their practical Accountants, the Student is taught in the most thorough, expeditious and satisfactory manner. No student can obtain a diploma until he has taken a thorough course and can pass the necessary examination.

PENMANSHIP,

Practical and Ornamental, in all its forms, by L. S. CHARLETT, whose services the proprietor has ensnared, and invites his patrons and friends to call and examine the magnificent specimens of Penmanship, which almost defy competition.

Great attention is paid to the form of business letters, Documents, Bills of Exchange, Due Bills, Orders, &c.

Many young men after completing their course obtain good situations. Merchants apply here for first class help.

The proprietor will furnish rooms for Students, with or without board. Apply for Catalogues.

ja18d12mdly C. F. LARIGO, President.

NEW FIGS, A LOT OF NEW TURKEY Figs, very handsome, just received and for sale by EDWARD TRUAX, 191 East Water St.

Railroads.

March 1860.

NEW AND FAVORITE

Passenger & Express Freight Line.

Detroit & Milwaukee Railway,

In connection with the

New and Powerful Upper Cabin Steamships

"DETROIT" AAD "MILWAUKEE"

DURING THIS MONTH ONE OF these ships will leave the Dock (foot of Milwaukee street) MILWAUKEE, at 5 P. M. each night, (except Saturday) for Grand Haven, connecting there with the Morning Train for Detroit, Suspension Bridge, Toronto, Montreal, Buffalo, Rochester, New York, Boston, &c., &c

Parcels left at any of the offices will be promptly forwarded at very moderate rates.

☞ Mark all Packages "via G. H. R." and remit freight and money by *our Company's Express Messengers*—Mr. Parker, 270 East Water street, corner Wisconsin Street. Mr. NEMIER, Receiver, J. H. WHITNAN, Gen. Travelling Agent. Thos. Fowler, City Agent.

Freight Office—Dock foot of Milwaukee street.—W. M. GRAHAM, Agent.

D. & M. R. Offices, March, 1860. W. K. SMITH, Gen. Sup't.

SHORTEST AND MOST EXPEDITIOUS

ROUTE

FROM MILWAUKEE TO BELOIT,

Freeport, Mineral Point,

GALENA AND DUBUQUE.

PASSENGERS LEAVING MILWAUKEE via Milwaukee & Chicago Railroad at 7:45 A. M., reach Richie Junction with train on Racine & Mississippi R. R., arriving at Beloit 2:30 P. M., Freeport at 5:35 P. M.

Express Passenger Train leaves Racine at 12 M., arriving at Beloit 4:37 P. M., Freeport 6:40 P. M., connecting with trains on the Illinois Central R. R., for the West and South.

Express Passenger Train leaves Freeport at 6:30 A. M., on arrival of trains from the West and South, reaching Racine at 2:42 P. M., and connecting with trains for Milwaukee and Chicago.

Accommodation train leaves Freeport for Belvidere at 7:00 P. M.

Accommodation train leaves Belvidere for Racine at 5:30 A. M.

Freight forwarded to all points on the Mississippi River at rates as low as by any other route, and with the quickest despatch.

For information inquire at the office of Milwaukee & Chicago R. R., Milwaukee.

MATT. TAYLOR, Sup't.

G. A. THOMPSON, Gen'l Manager. mar8

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN & LAKE SHORE R. R.

1860. Spring Arrangement. 1860.

TAKES EFFECT ON AND AFTER NOV. 15th.

Great Through Route to New York,

TOLEDO, CLEVELAND, PITTSBURG,

Harrisburgh, Wheeling, Syracuse, Troy, Burlington, Detroit, Suspension Bridge, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Dunkirk, Albany, Rutland, Montreal, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Cincinnati, Portland, Quebec, and to all points in Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, and the Canadas.

6:00 A. M.—Night Express, leaves Chicago daily (Sundays excepted) via Joliet, Michigan Central Railroad, reaching Toledo at 3:30 P. M., and Detroit 6:00 P. M.

7:00 P. M.—Night Express, leaves Chicago daily via old Michigan Road, reaches Toledo at 4:30 A. M., Detroit 8:00 A. M.

Direct connections made at Toledo with trains on Toledo and Cleveland Roads for all points in the Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, and the New England States.

Direct connections made at Detroit with trains on the Grand Trunk Railway for Toronto, Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Montreal, Quebec and Portland.

Direct connections made at Suspension Bridge with trains for Niagara Falls, Rochester, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Connections made at Toledo with trains on Michigan Central Road to Lima, Dayton, Hamilton and Cincinnati. Connections made at Adrian with trains to Tecumseh, Clinton, Manchester and Hudson.

No change of Cars between Chicago and Detroit.

Passengers for Grand Haven, Muskegon, Manistee, Racine, Grand Haven, Milwaukee, &c.

WOODRUFF'S PATENT SLEEPING CARS accompany all Night Trains on this route to New York and Boston.

Tickets can be had at the ticket offices in the West at the Old Colony Depot, corner Kneeland Street and Wisconsin streets, Milwaukee, and under the Revere House, corner Randolph and Dearborn streets, and at the depot, Chicago.

GEO. M. GRAY, Gen. Western Agent.

JOHN D. CAMPBELL, Gen. Supt. dec28dly

Machinery.

The Great Secret at Last Discovered!!

JUNIUS JUDSON,

PATENTEE AND MANUFACTURER OF

JUDSON'S PATENT

GOVERNOR VALVES,

FOR REGULATING THE

MOTION OF STEAM ENGINES,

WARRANTED THE MOST PERFECT Governor of Steam Power in the world, and the all really great improvements claimed by Sinclair, Hartt, Reckard, Gardner, Knapp, at Rochester, N. Y., Selye Buildings, 209 R. R. Depot.

☞ Shop Rights for sale.

CAUTION TO INFRINGERS.

Patents issued in the United States, Nov. 5th, 1858. Reissued, Jan. 4th, 1859. Patented in England, March 4th, 1851. Second Patent, March 4th, 1851. Patented also in Great Britain and the Canadas, June 9th, 1851.

This improvement consists in making regulating valves to open with a gradually increasing ratio of increase to the opening the width of the opening made in the valve—or by accelerating the opening in such a manner that the increase of opening increases in proportion to the increase of opening, as the valve is moved by the governors. The nature of my invention will be fully understood by the following claim:

My patent Valves and Governors for steam engines, to give the required increase to the piston's motion, (or rotary) of the engine, by the power to open the valve, substantially as described, and for the purpose specified, the exact amount of speciality or peculiarity of construction of the governors being immaterial, so long as the addition of equal amounts of resistance, notwithstanding that the action of the governors is continually increasing in its effects.

Therefore reverse the action of valves combined with governors, as heretofore used, and as this object can be produced by many different mechanical devices, (apparently not similar, but really the same and which may be used in connection with governors now in use upon the public, I therefore caution and forewarn all persons interested, to examine carefully and not be misled by such devices, or any governors, except those allowed by the application or this truth or principles, first discovered and applied by me, is not included in or covered and applied by me, is not included in or covered by my patent, and further prevent persons from the purchaser and inventor, both of which are at present much concerned in their business.

dec12184sdtf

WISCONSIN IRON WORKS CO.

WE BEG TO INFORM THE PUBLIC that we are prepared to do all kinds of Foundry Work and Finishing in the best and cheapest manner. Our stock of Patterns is very large, and all Sizes and Description of Flouring, Grist, Saw, Corn Mill and Sugar Mill Patterns, Our Corn and Sugar Mills are made for horse or steam power, and are of the latest and best. Railroad Castings in general. Road Scrapers and all other Castings different to any other. We do our own work.

P. S.—All orders addressed to the undersigned, at the old Depot of A. J. Langworthy, on the Canal, novl3dly H. J. GEELINGS.

BEST WHEEL

IN THE STATE.

EAGLE STEAM FOUNDRY,

WEST WATER STREET, MILWAUKEE.

The Oldest Establishment in the State

TURTON & SERCOMB.

MANUFACTURERS OF FLOUR, SAW and other Mill Gearing, together with Castings of all descriptions, Steam Engines of the latest improvements, and all kinds of Machinery.

Also, Manufacturers of the celebrated Hayland & Tuttle Water Wheel. It uses less water, in proportion to the power, than any other wheel now manufactured. It is adapted to either high or low heads of water, runs perfectly steady, and gives general satisfaction wherever used. Without using Mercury, Potash, or any deleterious minerals, obliterates the long-standing affections. Particular attention given to middlings of Farmers and all communications strictly confidential. Consultations in English, French or German personally, or by letter addressed box 423, Post Office, Milwaukee.

N. B.—Agents for the French Lunar Pills and Pedlar Warm Air Furnace. may23dly

FRENCH PRUNES.—A PRIME LOT FOR sale by EDWARD TRUAX, W. 191 East Water St

Railroads.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

1860. 1860.

MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI R. R.

FOR

Whitewater, Madison,

PRAIRIE DU CHIEN, JANESVILLE, MONROE, BELOIT, BELVIDERE, Freeport, Galena, Du Buque.

FORT ATKINSON, JEFFERSON,

FOND DU LAC, OSHKOSH,

LA CROSSE AND NORTHERN IOWA AND

NINNNESOTA.

Change of Time, Feb. 20th, 1860.

ON AND AFTER FEB. 20TH, 1860, PASSENGER Trains will leave Milwaukee as follows:

8:45 A. M.—Accommodation for Madison, Janesville and Monroe.

4:30 P. M.—Mail Train for Madison, Prairie du Chien and Janesville.

☞ Train arrives at Milwaukee at 10:30 A. M., 3:45 P. M.

Fare to all points on the Mississippi River as low as by any other Route.

WILLIAM JERVIS, Gen'l Superintendent.

and

MILWAUKEE & MINNESOTA R. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

1859-60.

GREAT NORTH-WESTERN UNITED STATES MAIL AND EXPRESS ROUTE

TO LACROSSE AND ST. PAUL.

ONLY ALL RAILROAD TO LACROSSE

—OR THE—

UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, NOV. 14, TWO THROUGH TRAINS daily (Sundays excepted) leave Milwaukee, from Depot foot of Chestnut street, as follows:

7:45 A. M., and 4:35 P. M.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT MILWAUKEE AT

10:35 A. M., and 5:30 P. M.

Close connections are made at La Crosse, DAILY each way, with the La Crosse and St. Paul Packet Company's

NEW AND SPLENDID

United States Mail Line of Steamers

TO AND FROM

ST. PAUL AND INTERMEDIATE PORTS

☞ PASSENGERS by this Route will save nearly twenty miles of distance, and eighteen hours time from Milwaukee to La Crosse or St. Paul over any other Route.

Milwaukee, Nov. 12, 1859.

nov14 EDWIN H. GOODRICH, Manager.

1859. WINTER ARRANGEMENT 1860.

VIA. MICHIGAN CENTRAL

AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY

TRAINS LEAVE MICHIGAN CENTRAL Depot, foot of Lake street, Chicago:

CINCINNATI EXPRESS at 9:00 A. M. and 7:00 P. M. (Sundays excepted).

NEW YORK AND BOSTON EXPRESS—Leaves Chicago at 9:00 A. M. (Sundays excepted), at 6:00 A. M. and 7:00 P. M. Arrive at Detroit 4:00 P. M. and 1:00 A. M. Leave Detroit 4:00 P. M. and 1:00 A. M. Arrive at Albany 4:00 P. M. and 6:15 A. M.; New York 9:45 P. M. and 9:00 A. M.; Boston 12:00 M. and 1:30 P. M.

Baggage checked through.

Through tickets can be had at the principal Railroad offices in the West, and at the general office, corner of Lake and Dearborn streets, opposite the Tremont House, Chicago, and at the Depot, foot of Lake street.

G. N. BLUE, Sup't.

B. J. SPALDING, Gen. Pass'r Agent. jy18

WEST TO EAST.

TIME TABLE

VIA

THE DIRECT ROUTE.

LEAVE MILWAUKEE 1.40 P. M.; MILWAUKEE & Chicago Depot.

Arrive at Chicago 6:30 P. M.; Supper; Milwaukee & Chicago Depot.

Leave Chicago 7:00 P. M.; Supper; Michigan Central Depot.

Arrive at Detroit 7:00 A. M.; Breakfast; Michigan Central Depot.

Leave Detroit 8:30; Breakfast; Great Western Refreshment Saloon.

Arrive at Paris 2 P. M.; Dinner and change cars.

Arrive at Buffalo via Buffalo and Lake Huron 6:05 P. M. (city time).

Departure from Buffalo N. Y. Central 6:45 P. M.; 11:00 P. M., and 6:00 A. M.

Arrive at Buffalo N. Y. & Erie 4:00 A. M. and 5:00 P. M.

Remain and obtain Tea at the Buffalo & Lake Huron Railway.

☞ The above Table is reliable.

☞ Fares same as by other Routes.

A. ELLIS, General Agent.

Detroit.

R. S. CARTER, Director and Manager Express Co., Office Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and all places between those cities and Buffalo. feb8jly

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R

NOW COMPLETED TO CHICAGO.

THIS NEW AND DIRECT ROUTE IS now open to New York, Boston, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington City, Cleveland, Dunkirk, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and all Eastern Cities. Connects at Union Depot, Pittsburg, with Pennsylvania Central, Pittsburg, Wheeling and Philadelphia, Steubenville, Newark and Wheeling, and all intermediate points of Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia, Maryland, New Jersey, &c., making one grand unbroken Railroad line between

CHICAGO AND THE EAST.

PASSAGE LOW AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

☞ Passengers wishing to go by this desirable and pleasant Route, should be particular in asking for tickets via Fort Wayne, avoiding the annoyance of re-checking baggage as by other routes.

Trains leave the depot on VAN BUREN ST., daily, as follows:

7:30 A. M., Morning Mail and Express.

7:25 P. M., Night Express.

CHECKING BAGGAGE THROUGH

To Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York, and procuring tickets via this route at the great Pennsylvania Central Railroad, to all Eastern cities. Also, via the Cleveland & Cincinnati R. R., to Cleveland, Wheeling, Steubenville, via New York Central and New York and Erie Railroads to New York and Boston.

Passengers for the East will find this route by far the most desirable, both from the advantage in point of distance, variety and beauty of the country passed over, and the freedom from dust, as well as the less frequent changes of cars, and the annoyance of re-checking baggage required by other routes.

Families changing the transportation of Freight and Live Stock by this route, are unsurpassed. Rates as low as any other route. Shippers will please direct Bills of Lading via Fort Wayne at all the principal ticket offices at the West, and at the Company's Office, No. 20 Dearborn street, Chicago, under the Tremont House, and at the Union Ticket office, No. 230 East Water St., Milwaukee.

J. M. HOUSTON, General Freight and Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh.

D. W. ROSS, General Western Agent, Chicago.

H. K. SCHENCK, Freight Agent, Chicago.

W. R. SCHENCK, Passenger Agent.

H. M. SAWYER, Ticket Agent. mar15sdly

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO R. R.

1860. 1860.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

Great United States Mail and Express Route.

THE ONLY RELIABLE AND ALL Rail Route to the East, South and Southwest, and the only line making sure connections.—Baggage checked through to principal points.

On and after Monday, Feb. 27th, 1860, Trains will leave Depot, corner of Florida and Barclay sts., as follows:

At 8:30 A. M., EXPRESS PASSENGER, arriving at Chicago at 12:05 A. M.

At 1:40 P. M., Passenger Train, arriving at Chicago 5:20 P. M., and making close connections with Evening Train for the East and South-west.

Freight train leaves at 8:15 A. M., and has passenger accommodation to Oak Creek.

☞ Through Freight goes over the R. & M. R. R. to Beloit, Freeport, Dunleith, Dubuque, Dixon, and in fact all the morning trains do connection at Rockford.

Passenger train leaves Chicago at 5:00 A. M., and reaches Milwaukee at 11:40 A. M. and 4:00 P. M.

JOHN F. MOODY, Master Transportation.

Milwaukee, February 25, 1860. feb27

MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN AND BARABOO VALLEY R.R,

OPEN TO SUN PRAIRIE.

ON AND AFTER THURSDAY, JANUARY 19th, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will leave the Depot foot of Reed street, daily, except Sundays, for Pewaukee, Hartland, Pine Lake, Oconomowoc, Ixonia, Lowell, Clyman, Watertown, Hanchettville and Sun Prairie, at 4:30 P. M.

Returning, leave Sun Prairie at 8:00 A. M., Columbus at 8:35 A. M., arriving at Milwaukee at 11:15 A. M., in time to connect with the trains of C. & M. R. R. for Chicago; and with Steamers of the Detroit & Milwaukee line, for the Lake Ports East.

Connections are made with Stages at Sun Prairie for Madison, Prairie du Chien, Portage